

VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the words/phrases in the box. There is one extra word/phrase which you do not need to use.

take advantage of profit spread
appealing ingredients endangered species

- Are foxes a(n) endangered species ?
- Did you make much of a profit when you sold your house?
- What are the usual ingredients of a chef's salad?
- My cousins have redecorated their home in very appealing pastel colours.
- Spread some marmalade on your bread; it's delicious.

C. Circle the correct answer.

- My cousins won't return; they've moved to Australia for a while / good.
- All online course registrations must be completed without delay / doubt.
- Can we try the fish and chips at Doug's Restaurant tonight for a change / while?
- The terrorists stormed the building without fail / warning.
- I lived in Bangkok for a while / sure in the late 90s.
- Without doubt / fail he is our country's greatest inventor.
- I'll be at your house for good / sure by 9:30.
- In the event of a fire in the factory, safety instructions must be followed without fail / doubt.
- The new training programme applies to all members of the team without exception / doubt.

GRAMMAR

D. Choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

- George phoned to say that he _____ be late as there's been an accident on the motorway.
a. might not b. can c. might d. must not
- You _____ believe this, but I once met the Prime Minister.
a. might b. could not c. might not d. could
- Household chores _____ be very tiring. My mum is always complaining of backache.
a. will b. can't c. must d. could
- You _____ be tired. You've been relaxing all day.
a. must b. could c. might not d. can't
- You needn't worry about anything. The report _____ be ready today, sir.
a. will b. can't c. may d. won't
- Murad _____ be at the doctor's office. He mentioned that he had made an appointment to see him.
a. must b. can't c. will d. could

B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box. There is an extra one which you do not need to use.

keep off keep on keep to
keep back keep down

- Spectators must keep off the pitch at all times.
- Neither of them is telling us the truth. They are keeping something back.
- If you keep on shouting, you will be sent out of the classroom.
- If you keep to the sign-posted path, there is no danger of getting lost.

E. Rewrite the sentences below using the modal verbs in the box.

might might not can't must will won't

- There is the possibility of another snowstorm tonight. There might be another snowstorm tonight.
- As it's nearly midnight and Lesley isn't answering her phone, I expect she's sleeping. Lesley must be sleeping.
- There is a car in the drive but Abdul doesn't drive. That can't be Abdul's car.
- Eric isn't coming unless the weather cools down. Unless the weather cools down, Eric won't come.
- You can trust Ron to find out the time of the last train home. Ron will find out the time of the last train home.
- I'm not sure if those are Toby's boots as he doesn't play football as much as he used to. Those might not be Toby's boots.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There is an extra word/phrase which you do not need to use.

throw away recycle cut down protect save
 environmentally friendly dispose of energy-saving

- The local council has put recycling bins for glass and paper in every neighbourhood.
- It is important for industry to dispose of toxic waste in a responsible way so that no harm is caused to the environment.
- You should try to save energy by switching off lights when you don't need them.
- I don't use chemical cleaners to clean my house. I prefer to use a(n) environmentally friendly product such as baking soda instead.
- We are trying to cut down on all our unnecessary waste.
- We started to use energy-saving lightbulbs, and as a result our electricity bill was much lower last month.
- You shouldn't throw away batteries as they cause serious damage to the environment.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- If she doesn't follow a stricter diet, she won't lose any weight.
 She won't lose any weight unless she follows a stricter diet. **UNLESS**
- If you happen to see Dr Turner, give him my regards.
 If you should see Dr Turner, give him my regards. **SHOULD**
- You can use my computer if you are careful with it.
 You can use my computer as long as you are careful with it. **AS**
- I'm sure the mouse is somewhere in the wardrobe.
 The mouse must be somewhere in the wardrobe. **BE**
- I'm sure that boy isn't Jim because Jim is shorter.
 That boy can't be Jim because Jim is shorter. **BE**
- There's a possibility that they won't visit us at the weekend.
 They might not visit us at the weekend. **MIGHT**
- It would be foolish of Larry not to accept the offer.
 It would be foolish of Larry if he did not accept the offer. **IF**
- You should read more to improve your vocabulary.
 If I were you, I would read more to improve my vocabulary. **WERE**

VOCABULARY

A. Circle the correct answer.

- We need to cut back on maintenance / emission costs.
- Ethan, you mustn't amuse yourself at the expense of / for the sake of others.
- I don't think Biology is a renewable / compulsory subject this term.
- They've decided to enforce / eliminate violence from sports.
- The protection of the environment should be claimed / regarded as something essential.
- The city council has asked residents who commute / consume to and from the city centre not to use their cars but to use public transport instead.
- Jabir needs to get a job; at the moment he is totally dependent / autonomy on his parents.
- The government will launch a new convenience / campaign to make citizens more environmentally aware.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Choose the word that most appropriately completes the sentence.

- It is the responsibility of the police to ensure that the laws are _____.
a. compulsory b. enforced c. essential d. significant
- _____ the whole, I'd say the trip was a success.
 a. On b. In c. With d. At
- Drinking too much coffee may result _____ insomnia and high blood pressure.
a. on b. at c. in d. to
- For the sake _____ the children, they decided to move to a better neighbourhood.
a. from b. of c. out d. to
- Whatever you do, don't _____ the safety break, or else you'll crash into the car in front.
a. increase b. decrease c. release d. lease
- The crime rate has greatly _____ since the police increased their patrols.
a. eliminated b. restricted c. diminished d. decreased
- Only members of the board have _____ to that information.
 a. access b. admission c. entrance d. approach
- Tigers are at risk of _____ because hunters keep killing them for their fur.
 a. extinction b. exhibition c. exhaust d. exception

C. Choose the word or phrase that produces a grammatically correct sentence.

- Michael _____ be the next captain of the team.
Who knows?
 a. could b. mustn't c. would d. ought
- There's someone at the door. It _____ be my next door neighbour.
a. can b. must c. mustn't d. shouldn't
- It was 3 o'clock an hour ago. Your watch _____ be right.
a. mustn't b. shouldn't c. can't d. won't
- You can go to the park with your friends provided you _____ back before dark.
a. will be b. were c. would be d. are
- _____ you attend every class and study hard, you will probably get good grades.
a. Unless b. If c. Were d. When
- You _____ a very rich person if you were a bit more careful with your money.
a. will be b. would be c. won't be d. wouldn't be
- If I _____ have my car, I would take a bus to work.
a. wouldn't b. shouldn't c. mustn't d. didn't
- _____ Karen eats too quickly, she gets sick.
a. Unless b. Since c. When d. Should

READING

A. Read the article below about floating houses and answer the questions 1-6. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d.

Can you imagine waking up each day in a house that is gently rocked by the movement of water, having a water park as a garden and getting to work by water taxi? Well, for some people this vision of the future may become a reality. It is a commonly accepted fact that as the Earth's temperature rises, the ice caps at the North and South Poles will melt, causing the sea level to rise.

So, where does this leave the many countries in the world which have large sections of their populations living in areas which lie at or below sea level? The Netherlands, for example, is one of the most highly populated, low-lying countries in the world and has been battling with the problem of flooding for years. Further rises in the sea level would mean much of the country will disappear under water.

Inventive architects may have come up with a solution to the problem: a floating house actually built on the water. The basic idea is that houses will have a base filled with air and a way of anchoring them to the ground. This will allow the houses to float upwards whenever the sea level rises and sink back down when the sea level drops. So, are floating houses the homes of the future? For some people there may be no alternative; for others it will be through choice. After all, who says you have to live on dry land anyway?



- Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?
 - Floating houses will be normal in the future.
 - Eventually the whole world will be affected by flooding.
 - Countries affected by flooding may sink.
 - Houses built on the water may be homes of the future for some people.
- According to the text, why will the level of the sea rise in the future?
 - because the world will become colder causing more rain
 - because the ice caps will move and push the level up
 - because the heat will turn ice into water and force the level up
 - because many countries are sinking and will force the level up
- In line 3 what does 'vision' mean?
 - eyesight
 - image
 - glimpse
 - display
- Why does the writer choose the Netherlands as an example?
 - The country will be seriously affected by a rise in water levels.
 - The country has a low population.
 - The country faces a housing problem.
 - The aim is to encourage architects there.
- Floating houses
 - are based on a simple idea.
 - will rise and fall depending on the sea level.
 - will be able to anchor in any port.
 - are the only solution to the problem.
- How would you describe the general tone of the text?
 - negative
 - optimistic
 - sceptical
 - technical



EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text and decide which answer *a, b, c* or *d* best fits each gap.

FUTURE HISTORY

A Future History is a(n) (1) _____ of the future used in the (2) _____ of science fiction to construct a background for a story. Early examples of Future History were (3) _____ as they claimed to be excerpts from a history book from the future, describing the development of nations and societies over centuries. An example of this was H. G. Wells' *The Shape of Things to Come* (1933). It was written in the form of a history book (4) _____ on events of the 20th century as if published in 2016. The book also includes references to the works of supposedly well-known historians, most of whom never actually existed. Future History (5) _____ not be confused with Alternate History, where alternative (6) _____ to past events are given. There are several (7) _____ to Future History, the main one being that one day it will be outdated and will be overtaken by real historical events. For (8) _____, in H. Beam Piper's *Terro-Human Future History*, a (9) _____ war in 1973 destroys the planet and this (10) _____ in the human race almost reaching the point of (11) _____. There are various ways to deal with this problem, such as writing a book about the very distant future, or setting the story in a society where there is an indefinite future. Other authors (12) _____ the story and change it into an Alternate History as soon as they have been overtaken by current events.

- | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 1. a. assignment | b. platform | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. prediction | d. status |
| 2. <input checked="" type="radio"/> a. field | b. course | c. department | d. species |
| 3. a. lying | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. misleading | c. harmful | d. accessible |
| 4. a. keeping | b. playing | c. trying | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. focusing |
| 5. a. would | b. had to | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. should | d. might |
| 6. <input checked="" type="radio"/> a. outcomes | b. sources | c. ingredients | d. predictions |
| 7. a. negatives | b. faults | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. drawbacks | d. concerns |
| 8. a. the sake of | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. instance | c. sure | d. good |
| 9. <input checked="" type="radio"/> a. nuclear | b. virtual | c. solar | d. hydroelectric |
| 10. a. involves | b. invests | c. combines | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. results |
| 11. a. impact | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. extinction | c. exhibition | d. exhaustion |
| 12. a. promote | b. accept | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. revise | d. predict |

WRITING

C. Read the announcement on the noticeboard of a sports society. Write a letter to Mr McQuire responding to all the points underlined in the announcement (120-150 words).

ATTENTION ALL SPORTS SOCIETY MEMBERS



Olympic Gold medalist James McQuire has made a generous financial donation to the society's *Sports in the Community* project and is asking for ideas on how to spend it. Write a letter to Mr McQuire giving your suggestions and explaining why you think they would be appropriate. The university's Director of Physical Education has recommended using the money to take young people in wheelchairs to a Champions League game: please include whether you agree or disagree with this and why. Also, indicate whether you would be willing to accompany them to the game.

D. Your teacher has asked you to read the following statement and write an essay expressing your opinion and giving examples.

It is not only the government's responsibility to protect the environment because everybody can do some simple things in their daily lives which can really make a difference.

Write your essay (120-180 words).

VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

exhibit medical hourly continent medieval endangered gem digital accessible

- This castle dates back to medieval times.
- We visited a nature reserve which was full of endangered species.
- The Witherspoon's Gallery is an excellent place for young artists to exhibit their work.
- Mrs Gainsborough opened the jewellery box and revealed some beautiful gems.
- This building is accessible to people in wheelchairs.
- Does your husband get paid at a(n) hourly rate?
- Oliver went on a sponsored bike ride across the continent of Australia.

B. Complete the text with the words in the box.

display donated gathered search bizarre sculptures emerging exhibition

Raymond Knowles had been an artist for many years. His work consisted of (1) bizarre paintings of fruit that can walk and huge (2) sculptures that talk to you when you walk past them. However, he could never find a suitable place to (3) display his work. So, he went in (4) search of a place that he could turn into his own gallery. As soon as he found somewhere appropriate, he (5) gathered all his artwork together and moved it to his new gallery. His first (6) exhibition was a huge success and his gallery soon grew larger. Other (7) emerging artists got involved in the project and (8) donated some of their work.

C. Circle the correct answer.

- Many of the villagers are descendants / heirlooms of the original settlers on the island.
- From the boat we had a terrific view of the transportation / skyline of the city's skyscrapers.
- The problem of illegal immigration / immigrant has been around for many years.
- I must say, I prefer the old masters compared to these contemporary / established artists.
- Would you mind defining / accessing what you mean by 'digital art'?
- Sometimes the artist paints in the garden because there is priceless / limited space in his studio.



VOCABULARY

A. Choose the best answer *a, b, c* or *d*.

- When difficulties _____, we shouldn't give up trying.
a. lift b. rise c. raise **d. arise**
- That hotel is _____ for its terrible service.
a. famous **b. notorious** c. favourite d. popular
- Lucy _____ a very interesting documentary on TV last night.
a. gazed b. glanced c. stared **d. watched**
- Peter can't stand the _____ of blood. That's why he didn't become a doctor.
a. sight b. view c. scene d. image
- _____ a child is difficult nowadays.
a. Raising b. Lifting c. Rising d. Arising
- Is football the most _____ sport in the world?
a. favourite b. notorious c. famous **d. popular**
- I don't like people _____ at me; I find it rude.
a. staring b. glancing c. gazing d. watching
- The ambulance arrived quickly at the _____ of the accident.
a. sight b. show **c. scene** d. image

B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

confide introduction differ attract adventure day luxury impress

- The method that they were using wasn't working, so the research team decided to try a completely _____ *different* approach to the problem.
- He prepared well for the exam and feels _____ *confident* that he will pass.
- Peter is not very _____ *adventurous*; he doesn't like taking risks.
- The book includes a(n) _____ *introductory* chapter with comments from other writers.
- Becky lives in a huge house with a(n) _____ *attractive* garden.
- We stayed at a(n) _____ *luxurious* hotel in Barcelona; it had a spa centre, an infinity swimming pool and our room was magnificent.
- Many visitors go to St Petersburg to admire the city's _____ *impressive* architecture.
- This airline flies _____ *daily* to London Heathrow so we won't have a problem getting a flight for any day this week.

GRAMMAR

C. Complete the sentences with *who, whom, which, where* or *whose*.

- Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was the author _____ *who* wrote the *Adventures of Sherlock Holmes*.
- That's the journalist _____ *whose* articles always cause a lot of discussion.
- The box in _____ *which* I keep my jewellery was made in China.
- The village _____ *where* Paul grew up is very small.
- The man to _____ *whom* you were talking at Mike's house is from Japan.
- Claire was the only student in my class _____ *who* passed the test.
- That's the café _____ *where* we were supposed to meet Ibrahim.



D. Join the sentences using the correct relative pronoun/adverb.

1. The journalist will interview the elderly man. The elderly man's house was broken into last night.

The journalist will interview the elderly man whose house was broken into last night.

2. We visited the town. We were born there.

We visited the town where we were born.

3. People believe that the old house is owned by a famous writer. The old house is on Park Avenue.

People believe that the old house which/that is on Park Avenue is owned by a famous writer.

4. I invited Mr Robinson to my house for dinner. He lives next door.

I invited Mr Robinson, who lives next door, to my house for dinner.

5. Mahdi went to a famous cookery school. He's an excellent chef.

Mahdi, who is an excellent chef, went to a famous cookery school.

6. That's Sally Brown. Her seven brothers all live abroad.

That's Sally Brown, whose seven brothers all live abroad.

7. I spoke to the assistant manager last week. He was very helpful.

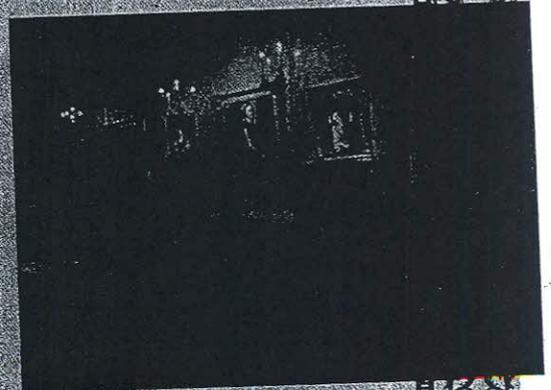
I spoke to the assistant manager last week, who was very helpful.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

E. Read the text below and complete the gaps. Use only one word in each gap.

THE ISABELLA STEWART GARDNER MUSEUM

The Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum is a museum in Boston, Massachusetts. It has a small (1) but outstanding collection of paintings (2) which includes works by Matisse and Whistler. The museum is much admired for the intimate atmosphere in (3) which the works of art are displayed and for its flower-filled courtyard. The paintings are unlabelled and the dim lighting makes the viewer feel he is in a private home rather than a museum. It is also the place (4) where the biggest art theft in history took place. In 1990, thieves, (5) who were disguised as police officers, talked their way (6) into the museum. They handcuffed the two security guards, then continued to steal thirteen works of art valued (7) at over \$500 million, including works by Vermeer, Manet and Degas. (8) To this day, the crime remains unsolved. If you visit the museum, you will find the stolen paintings/empty frames in their original locations. This is (9) due to Isabella Gardner, (10) whose will instructed that the collection be maintained unchanged after her death. A reward of \$5 million is offered to anyone (11) who provides information leading (12) to the return of the works in good condition.



VOCABULARY

A. Choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

- My uncle made a generous _____ to UNICEF.
 - payment
 - reward
 - donation
 - income
- Have you heard that Jonathan _____ the short story competition?
 - won
 - earned
 - invested
 - gained
- Children, come closer. I have a(n) _____ to make.
 - advertisement
 - publicity
 - commercial
 - announcement
- There weren't many _____ at the stadium yesterday.
 - audience
 - spectators
 - viewers
 - onlookers
- The campaign to save the forest attracted a lot of _____.
 - announcement
 - advertisement
 - publicity
 - commercial
- The police are offering a(n) _____ for any information about last week's crime.
 - income
 - reward
 - salary
 - donation
- I should go on a diet. I've _____ ten kilos.
 - gained
 - invested
 - won
 - earned
- After the crash, a group of _____ gathered to see what had happened.
 - onlookers
 - audience
 - viewers
 - spectators

GRAMMAR

B. Complete the sentences with the present or past participle of the verbs in the box.

wear sit chew make thrill sell write

- _____ *Thrilled* _____ by the fact that he was accepted at Harvard, Mario started jumping up and down.
- Do you see that man _____ *wearing* _____ a blue jacket? He's my Science teacher.
- The boy _____ *sitting* _____ next to James is my brother.
- Laura always buys clothes _____ *made* _____ in France or Italy.
- These letters _____ *written* _____ by the new secretary are full of spelling mistakes.
- The painting _____ *sold* _____ by Christie's is an original Picasso.
- The man _____ *chewing* _____ gum is an undercover police officer.

C. Join the sentences below by using a participle clause.

- The hikers went straight to bed when they arrived at their campsite. They were exhausted by the hike up the mountain.
Exhausted by the hike up the mountain, the hikers went straight to bed when they arrived at their campsite.
- While I was walking in the park, a man stopped me. The man was holding a blue umbrella.
While I was walking in the park, a man holding a blue umbrella stopped me.
- Robert was discouraged by his poor exam results. He decided to spend more time studying.
Discouraged by his poor exam results, Robert decided to spend more time studying.
- Carrie was moved by the book. She started to cry when the heroine was killed.
Moved by the book, Carrie started to cry when the heroine was killed.
- Jenny was thrilled with the new shoes she bought. She wore them to her graduation.
Thrilled with the new shoes she bought, Jenny wore them to her graduation.
- The windows were replaced. They had been shattered by the explosion.
The windows shattered by the explosion were replaced.
- I was flicking through a magazine. I came across an interesting article on visual arts.
Flicking through a magazine, I came across an interesting article on visual arts.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

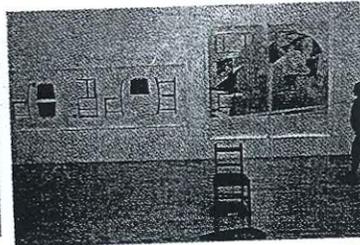
broaden abstract artistic appreciation creative pastime installation
 stunning reality portrait depict

1. It's difficult to understand what the artist is trying to show as most of his paintings are quite abstract.
2. This painting depicts a man walking down a street in the rain.
3. The crowd cheered and clapped to show their appreciation.
4. I think the best way to broaden your mind is to travel to foreign countries.
5. This portrait of Lord Huntingdon, shows him riding his favourite horse.
6. Due to her artistic abilities, studying at an art school was inevitable.
7. I'd have to say that my favourite pastime is reading History books.
8. You must climb to the top of the tower. There's an absolutely stunning view of the lake.
9. The brochure made the hotel look delightful, but in reality it was awful.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text and complete the gaps with the correct form of the words in capitals.

the **Turner**
PRIZE

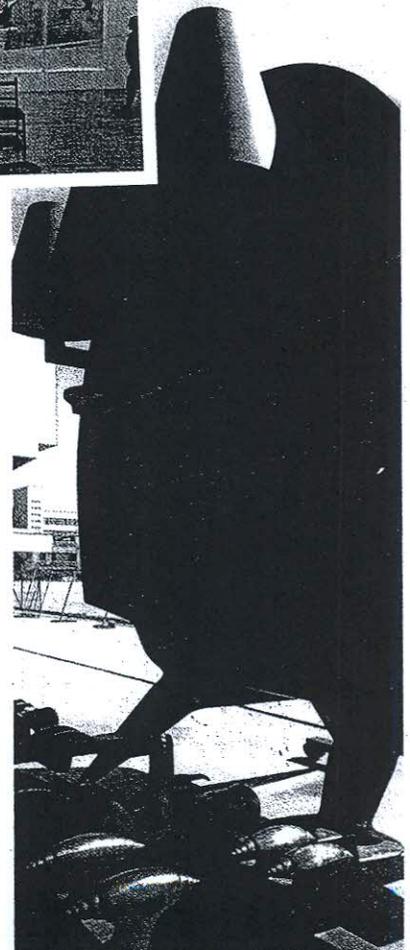


The Turner prize is a (1) yearly art prize awarded to the best British visual artist under the age of 50. The final (2) exhibition is an excellent opportunity to see contemporary (3) artistic achievements.

Past winners have included Damien Hirst in 1995, Wolfgang Tillmans in 2000 and Richard Wright in 2009. Artwork varies from paintings and sculpture to (4) installation art. The nominees are (5) limited to four artists. Each year, during the build up to the (6) announcement of the nominees, the prize receives a lot of (7) publicity.

The Turner Prize is important for artists because they (8) instantly become front page news in most of the (9) daily newspapers. It's equally important for the art world as a whole, as the country's attention turns to the (10) appreciation of the arts.

- YEAR
- EXHIBIT
- ART
- INSTALL
- LIMIT
- ANNOUNCE
- PUBLIC
- INSTANT
- DAY
- APPRECIATE



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

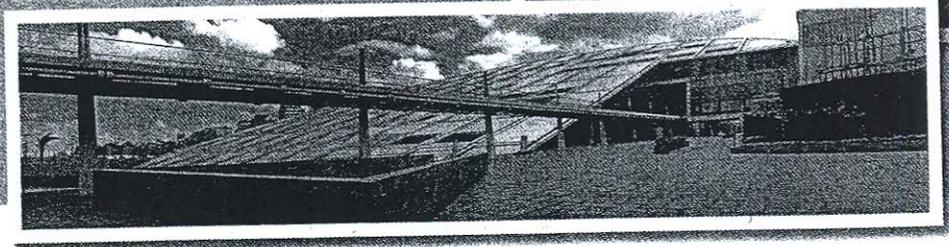
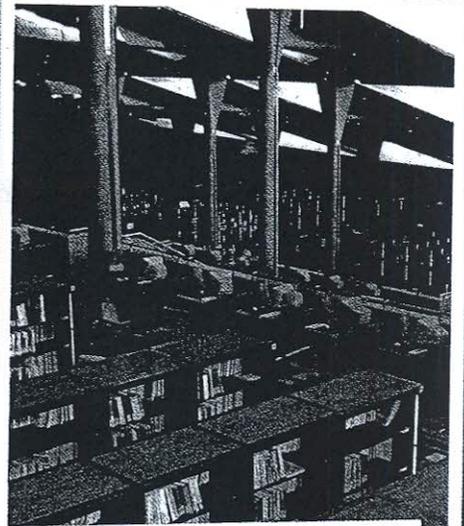
pronunciation selection acquire clay involve volume primitive entirely reputable

- The final World Cup team selection will be made on 29th May.
- Jason makes most of his sculptures out of clay.
- I would suggest buying a car from a reputable dealer.
- Steven wasn't entirely happy about the deal so he decided not to go through with it.
- There is more than one pronunciation for the word 'either'.
- The oral examination will involve answering questions about a photograph.
- How many volumes has this encyclopedia got?

B. Complete the text with the words in the box.

middle regarded doubt attempt reign

The library of Alexandria was (1) regarded as the most important library of the ancient world. It had a huge collection of hundreds of thousands of scrolls from all over the world. It was built during the (2) reign of Ptolemy I Soter about 2300 years ago and it grew into a huge collection well-known throughout the ancient world. About 300 years after it was built, it is said that Julius Caesar accidentally burnt the library when he set fire to his own ships in a(n) (3) attempt to frustrate the Egyptians by restricting their communication. A series of attacks and fires meant that the library was completely destroyed by the (4) middle ages. However, without (5) doubt, it is still remembered as one of the greatest libraries ever built. In 2002 a new library and cultural centre, called Bibliotheca Alexandria, was built in Alexandria in commemoration of the great ancient library.



C. Circle the correct answer.

- This dictionary has clear and precise definitions / publications.
- Just after the final was over, the winning team's name was printed / engraved on the silver cup.
- Could you tell me the main requirements / advancements for this course?
- I don't think Kevin appreciates / acquires how much effort we put into choosing his gift.
- The old man consisted / collapsed in the middle of the street so we rushed to help him.
- Mr Halliday has compiled a familiar / comprehensive list of all the people involved in the project.

VOCABULARY

A. Choose the correct answer *a, b, c* or *d*.

- It's so _____ of Brian to arrive on time.
a. common b. regular c. normal **d. typical**
- The book _____ of twelve units.
a. involves **b. consists** c. includes d. contains
- The writer's fortune is _____ at about five million dollars.
a. respected b. appreciated **c. estimated** d. mentioned
- Peter arrived just in _____ to catch the train.
a. date b. hurry **c. time** d. brief
- Mr Thompson _____ the theft to the police.
a. reported b. published c. printed d. edited
- The hotel complex didn't even provide the _____ facilities.
a. basic b. simple c. primary d. first

B. Complete the sentences with *in* or *out of* and the words in the box.

work advance breath fashion vain charge order shape

- Edward has been jogging for two hours, so now he's _____ *out of breath*.
- Please make sure everything is _____ *in order* for tonight's dinner.
- I can't believe all that hard work Louise did was _____ *in vain*.
- Ted had better join a gym. He's really _____ *out of shape*.
- If you buy the tickets _____ *in advance*, you get a 20% discount.
- Omar is _____ *in charge* of the children's safety.
- I love this colour and it's _____ *in fashion* this summer.
- Josh has been _____ *out of work* for two weeks now. If he doesn't get a job soon, he'll have to borrow more money from his parents.

GRAMMAR

C. Expand the notes into sentences using the full infinitive, the bare infinitive or the -ing form.

1. it / be / too / late / go / shop

It is too late to go shopping

2. I / not know / where / hang / new painting

I don't know where to hang the new painting

3. Ken / be / first / student / finish / write / composition

Ken was the first student to finish writing the/a composition

4. Len / regret / talk / Bill / in that manner

Len regrets talking to Bill in that manner

5. I / never / forget / see / Jeddah Fountain / first time

I will never forget seeing the Jeddah Fountain for the first time

6. there / be / no point / in / fix / the machine

There is / was no point in fixing the machine

7. not / hesitate / ask / my / help

Don't hesitate to ask for my help

8. my friends / persuade / me / go / Chinese restaurant / with them

My friends (have) persuaded me to go to a/the Chinese restaurant with them

A. Match the jobs on the left with the sentences 1-12 that refer to each job.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| mathematician <u> 9 </u> | 1. Has everyone put on their skis correctly? OK, let's get going. |
| director <u> 11 </u> | 2. Please hold the line while I connect you. |
| instructor <u> 1 </u> | 3. I strongly recommend that you re-examine the company's organisation. |
| producer <u> 10 </u> | 4. Some of us just splash some oil colours onto a canvas and then call our work a masterpiece. |
| reporter <u> 12 </u> | 5. I'm the fastest in the office – about 90 words a minute. |
| adviser <u> 3 </u> | 6. It will take me an hour or so to fix the lights. |
| politician <u> 8 </u> | 7. My discovery could be as important as penicillin. |
| scientist <u> 7 </u> | 8. In today's meeting with the Prime Minister, we discussed the coming election. |
| artist <u> 4 </u> | 9. My latest theory uses complicated equations to solve problems. |
| typist <u> 5 </u> | 10. If we'd had more money, the documentary would have been much better. |
| electrician <u> 6 </u> | 11. What a day! The cameraman just didn't do what I wanted him to do! |
| operator <u> 2 </u> | 12. The editor was really impressed with the last article I wrote. |

B. Circle the correct answer.

1. Fred may couldn't have been promoted but we don't know yet.
2. You might not / needn't have carried all those books yourself. I could have helped you.
3. Andrew made a mistake. He shouldn't / mustn't have trusted that man.
4. You may / ought to have informed us earlier about the change of plans.
5. Peter must / can't have seen Ali at the exhibition last week. He's in Dubai.
6. Mona might / needn't have cooked all that food. After all, some of the guests didn't come.
7. Elsa can / must have gone to the doctor. She wasn't feeling well.

C. Rewrite each sentence using *can't, might (not), must, should, shouldn't or needn't + have + past participle*.

1. It was a mistake to lie to your teacher.
You shouldn't have lied to your teacher
2. It was unnecessary for you to buy me flowers.
You needn't have bought me flowers
3. I'm sure that Thomas hasn't visited this museum before.
Thomas can't have visited this museum before
4. Sheena possibly hasn't woken up yet.
Sheena might not have woken up yet
5. I'm sure Jabir took your mobile phone by mistake.
Jabir must have taken your mobile phone by mistake
6. There was no point in hurrying to catch the bus.
We needn't have hurried to catch the bus
7. Perhaps Walter stayed at home last night.
Walter might have stayed at home last night
8. Roger was supposed to have finished his project last week.
Roger should have finished his project last week



VOCABULARY

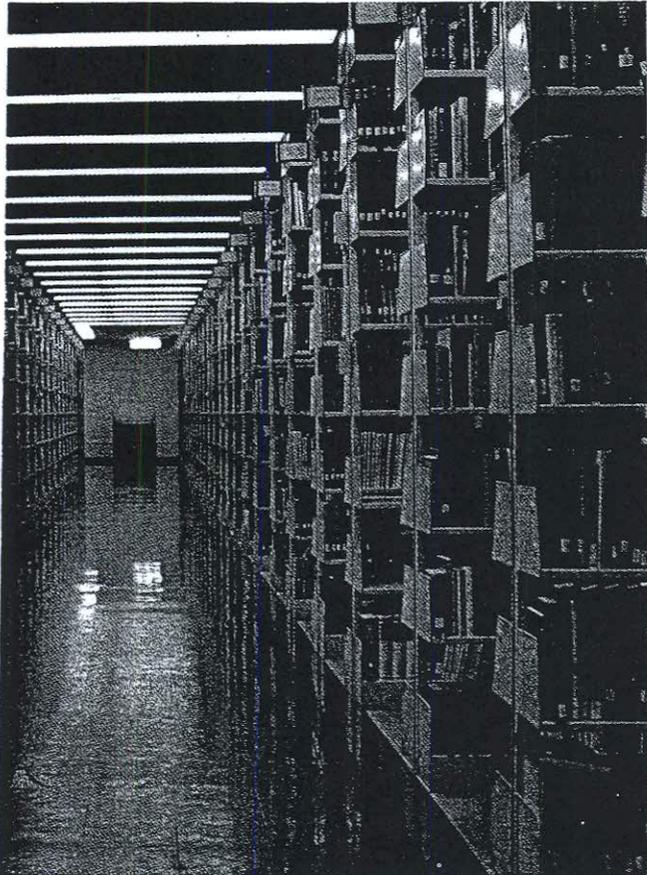
A. Complete the sentences with the correct word.

ordinary specific motivating subscription impractical convenient expand downside

- Mr Ellis was an excellent teacher and was very good at motivating his students.
- The hotel was nice and it was in a good location but on the downside it was very expensive.
- Travelling by car for 14 hours is totally impractical as we can be there by aeroplane in just one hour.
- It started out as a(n) ordinary sort of day, but then something incredible happened.
- My grandfather has an annual subscription to *Gardener's Planet* magazine.
- That's a fascinating idea! Do you think you could expand on it a bit?
- The captain gave us specific instructions not to blow our whistles on board the boat.
- It's much more convenient for me to ride my bike to work than drive.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the text with the correct form of the words in capitals.



Everyone agrees that having a school library is (1) beneficial to all students. A library **BENEFIT** provides students with a great variety of books which can be used for (2) educational purposes **EDUCATE** or just for (3) entertainment. Students **ENTERTAIN** can use (4) reference books such as **REFER** encyclopedias for their projects or atlases to see maps of different countries and cities around the world. They can also read (5) informative, up-to-date **INFORM** periodicals to learn about the newest trends in technology and what (6) scientists are up to **SCIENCE** nowadays or about topics that raise cultural or environmental (7) awareness. Of course there are many **AWARE** more books to be found in a library. Students can choose from a wide range of novels according to personal (8) preference and read the ones that **PREFER** they find most (9) enjoyable. **ENJOY** Such books not only provide students with a fun way to pass their time but also help develop their (10) creativity. **CREATIVE**

VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

mistreat kindness raise hypocrisy greed science poverty

1. It's important to treat people with kindness and consideration.
2. The story is about a young boy who becomes rich after a childhood of poverty.
3. I hate the hypocrisy of people who say they're going to do something, then go and do the complete opposite.
4. People who mistreat animals should be punished, in my opinion.
5. Greed may help you make a lot of money, but not friends.
6. Terry was born and raised in California.
7. I've just finished a(n) science fiction novel about a city 3000 years in the future.

B. Circle the correct answer.

1. The main theme plot of this book is the relationship between brothers and sisters.
2. This painting has a(n) fictional / imaginative combination of black and white circles.
3. The room where the writer worked was situated / set at the top of the house.
4. Jake has illustrated some children's stories but they haven't been written / published yet.
5. There was an interesting interview in the newspaper with the character / author of my favourite book.
6. Do you know how many books Agatha Christie wrote / published?

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

C. Read the text and decide which answer a, b, c or d best fits each gap.

Contrary to many people's beliefs, the (1) _____ detective Sherlock Holmes didn't really exist. He was a(n) (2) _____ detective created by the (3) _____ Arthur Conan Doyle. He wrote many stories about Holmes, (4) _____ were successful from the beginning. The stories were first (5) _____ in 1890 and all of them are (6) _____ in Victorian London. The (7) _____ of each story follows Holmes and the other main (8) _____ of the books, his friend Dr Watson. Sometimes the (9) _____ they have to solve seem impossible, but (10) _____ Holmes always manages to save the day, using his intelligence and detective skills. Almost all of the stories are narrated by Watson and act as a kind of (11) _____ of Sherlock Holmes. Conan Doyle's stories have (12) _____ stood the test of time and are still exciting to read even today.



- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a. known | b. convincing | <u>c.</u> famous | d. unknown |
| 2. <u>a.</u> fictional | b. historical | c. individual | d. imaginative |
| 3. a. producer | <u>b.</u> author | c. director | d. instructor |
| 4. <u>a.</u> which | b. who | c. whose | d. where |
| 5. a. portrayed | <u>b.</u> published | c. shown | d. treated |
| 6. a. situated | b. played | c. taken | <u>d.</u> set |
| 7. a. writing | <u>b.</u> plot | c. novel | d. fiction |
| 8. <u>a.</u> character | b. person | c. role | d. artist |
| 9. a. histories | b. themes | <u>c.</u> mysteries | d. answers |
| 10. a. totally | <u>b.</u> eventually | c. ending | d. finding |
| 11. a. autobiography | b. individualism | c. fiction | <u>d.</u> biography |
| 12. a. very | b. usually | <u>c.</u> definitely | d. alternatively |

READING

A. You are going to read a magazine article about the Nobel Prize for literature. Complete the gaps 1-7 in the article with the sentences A-H. There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

The NOBEL PRIZE for Literature



By the time of his death in 1896, the Swedish inventor and philanthropist Alfred Nobel had a huge fortune equivalent to one hundred and fifty million pounds in today's terms. **1 C** These are awarded to individuals or institutions who performed well in the fields of physics, chemistry, medicine, literature and international peace. The Nobel Prize for literature, which is awarded by the Swedish Academy in Stockholm, has become the most prestigious literary award in the world today.

The winner of the Nobel Prize for literature is usually announced on a Thursday morning in October. **2 F** Which Thursday the announcement will be made on is kept a closely guarded secret until forty-eight hours beforehand, and then the information is released to the media.

The Nobel committee is made up of eighteen members of the Swedish Academy in Stockholm. **3 D** This process is also carried out behind closed doors, as the last thing the committee wants is any information to be leaked while they are considering the winner.

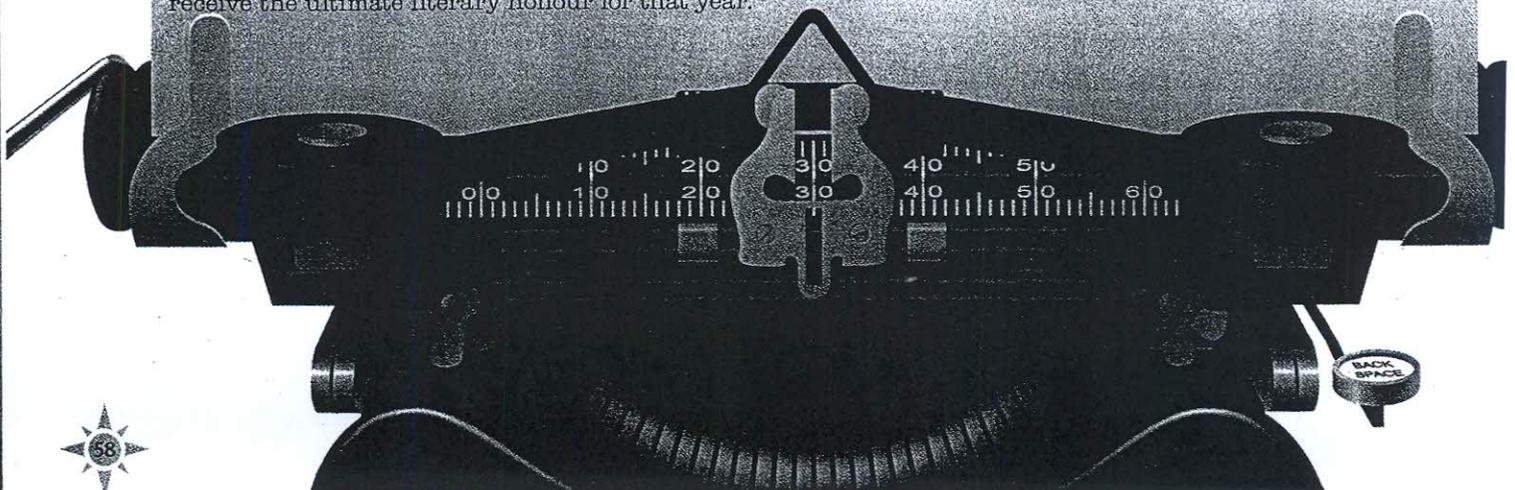
A writer's formal nomination must have been received by the Academy no later than the first of February of the year in question. Then, a sub-committee made up of five members of the Academy considers the nominations and reduces the list to fifteen names. **4 B** This shortlist is then presented to the whole committee on 31st May, just before the Academy begins its summer recess.

5 H On returning to the Academy in mid September, each member presents a paper they have prepared, giving their reasons for the final choice they have made. These choices are then debated in full sessions of the Academy on the next few Thursday evenings between 5.00 and 6.30pm, until a majority decision is reached. When this happens, a morning meeting is announced for the following Thursday, when an official ballot is held.

The ballot is held in an elegant eighteenth century room at the Academy. The members of the committee write their choice on a piece of paper. These papers are then placed one by one into an antique silver cup called a 'stop' in Swedish. **6 A** Here, the press are waiting and he officially discloses the name that appeared most often on the pieces of paper in the 'stop'. This is how the world learns who the winner of the Nobel Prize for literature is.

Like every other high profile award, there is a certain amount of controversy surrounding it. This has been true since the first award, which went to Sully Prudhomme. **7 G** In fact, several well-known writers, such as Joyce, Gorky and Brecht were never honoured with this prize, while there were winners whose work was popular in their day but did not last over time.

However, despite this controversy, the world of literature waits eagerly every autumn to learn who will receive the ultimate literary honour for that year.



- A. They are then counted by the secretary, who leaves the room at exactly 1.00pm and walks through a grand hall to his own office.
- B. By the end of May this list has been further reduced to six finalists.
- C. According to his will, the bulk of his fortune was put into a trust and the interest from this should be used to fund five yearly prizes.
- D. They have the difficult task of reading the two hundred or so nominations that are received every year.
- E. But Alfred Nobel decided that this award wasn't appropriate for all the people involved.
- F. Though it has been known to be as late as November on the occasions when the Nobel committee have had trouble reaching a decision.
- G. Outside France this was not regarded as a popular choice as most writers felt that it should have gone to Leo Tolstoy.
- H. During the summer break the members of the committee have time to read the material of the short-listed writers in depth.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

1. I hadn't heard from Robert for years and yesterday I received an e-mail from him.
 Yesterday I received an e-mail from Robert, who I hadn't heard **WHO**
 from for years.
2. Unfortunately, I watched TV the whole afternoon and I didn't study for the test.
 Unfortunately, having watched TV **HAVING**
 I didn't study for the test.
3. The houses that the earthquake caused damage to were repaired.
 The houses damaged by the earthquake **DAMAGED**
 were repaired.
4. It wasn't easy for us to find all the information we needed.
 We had difficulty (in) finding **DIFFICULTY**
 all the information we needed.
5. I'm sorry, but I must tell you that you have not been chosen for the team.
 I regret to tell/inform you **REGRET**
 that you have not been chosen for the team.
6. The village where I used to spend my summer holidays is abandoned now.
 The village in which I used to **WHICH**
 spend my summer holidays is abandoned now.
7. It's possible that they didn't know about the meeting.
 They might not have known **MIGHT**
 about the meeting.
8. It was a mistake for you to accept his offer.
 You shouldn't have accepted **ACCEPTED**
 his offer.

WRITING

C. A local magazine is asking for reviews with the title 'Amazing books'. You decide to write a review for the magazine. Describe a book and say what you like about it. Would you recommend the book to other people?

Write your review (120-180 words).



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

browse analysis inhabitant session guidance surround

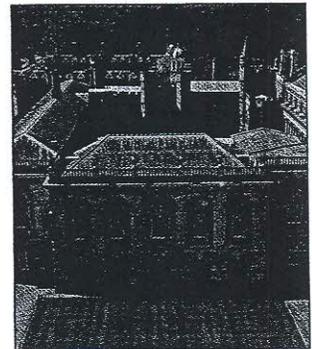
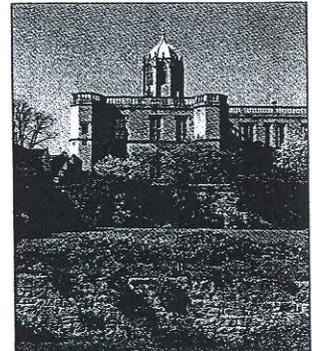
1. High in the mountains we discovered a village with 23 inhabitants.
2. The police surrounded the two bank robbers and they were forced to give up.
3. Thanks to some excellent career guidance, I managed to find the right job for me.
4. Professor Hatchet took the evidence to the laboratory for further analysis.
5. The sessions are usually on Thursdays and they last two hours.
6. I can spend hours browsing the books in the local library.

B. Complete the text with the correct words. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

recreational academic application laboratories founded located admission diploma tuition

OXBRIDGE

Oxbridge is a name that refers to two English (1) academic institutions, the University of Oxford and the University of Cambridge. They were both (2) founded over 800 years ago and between them they have educated a large number of Britain's most famous scientists, writers and politicians. As a result, a(n) (3) diploma from either of these institutions is more sought after than others. Because of their age, they have established other institutions such as printing houses, museums, libraries and scientific (4) laboratories. Both universities have buildings of great beauty and antiquity on their campuses. Also, they are both (5) located near slow moving rivers suitable for (6) recreational activities like rowing and punting. Entrance to either university is difficult and (7) admission is very competitive. Rivalry between the two universities has a very long history and annual football, rugby and boat races are very competitive. Nowadays, the term 'Oxbridge' is used to describe anyone who seems to have a superior intellectual or social status.



C. Circle the correct answer.

1. Henry studied four years at the University of Sheffield and now he's a graduate / career in Art History.
2. Perhaps some personal focus / tuition will help you progress in your studies.
3. The painting is being examined by experts to see if it is classified / authentic.
4. Don't worry, I'm a(n) qualified / advanced nurse. I can help you.
5. If you combine / admit these two liquids, something very interesting happens.
6. The resource / goal of this project is to modernise the centre of the town.
7. I'm finding it very difficult to concentrate / select with all the noise from outside.

VOCABULARY

A. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d.

- Bill gave a(n) _____ description of the thief and the police were able to catch him.
 a. accurate b. factual c. true d. authentic
- Mark and Gadi were sharing a _____ while they were at university.
 a. campus b. laboratory c. dorm d. premises
- Henry isn't a very _____ person. Sometimes he doesn't even do his homework.
 a. studious b. intellectual c. academic d. qualified
- The wedding _____ lasted for two hours and was very moving.
 a. ceremony b. contest c. session d. festival
- The food at this restaurant is of high _____.
 a. grade b. excellence c. perfection d. quality
- _____ he's found a job he's happy with.
 a. Lastly b. Last but not least c. At last d. At least
- Do you think this shirt _____ those trousers?
 a. goes on b. goes off c. goes with d. goes over
- Before I sign, I'd like to _____ the details of the agreement one more time.
 a. go over b. go ahead with c. go on d. go off

B. Form nouns from the verbs in the box to complete the sentences.

correspond consult reside contest immigrate serve assist apply

- Over 300 contestants entered the competition.
- The manager will interview at least 50 applicants for the job.
- Peter is a(n) consultant for an investment company based in Jersey.
- My grandparents were immigrants to the US. They came in 1950.
- ... and now to our sports correspondent in Beijing.
- The shop assistant who I spoke to on the phone was really helpful.
- The residents of the village helped the firefighters put out the fire.
- Get up and get a glass of water yourself. I'm not your servant, you know!

GRAMMAR

C. Circle the correct word/phrase.

- The recipe **thought** was thought up by my grandmother.
- Husain **is repairing** / **is being repaired** the fence now.
- Colin **had been seen** / **had seen** running in the street.
- They **will be made** / **will make** to tell the truth about what has happened.
- The secretary **has been typed** / **has typed** five letters so far.
- The children aren't let **aren't allowed** to go out late at night.
- Who has been painted **has painted** this painting?

D. Expand the notes into sentences using the Active or Passive Voice.

1. three masked men / rob / bank / yesterday

Three masked men robbed a bank yesterday.

2. the damage / pay for / the company / next week

The damage will be paid for by the company next week.

3. the vase / break / children / while / they / play

The vase was broken by the children while they were playing.

4. we / renovate / the house / recently

We have renovated the house recently.

5. burglar / arrest / at this very moment

The burglar is being arrested at this very moment.

6. milk / should / add / mixture / after / eggs / beat

The milk should be added to the mixture after the eggs have been beaten.

7. flood / trap / family / attic / nine hours

The flood trapped the family in the attic for nine hours.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

E. Choose the word that most appropriately completes the sentence.

1. My _____ will show you where the waiting room is.

- a. consultant b. contestant c. assistant d. applicant

2. The championship winning cricket team is holding a(n) _____ dinner this Saturday night.

- a. festival b. ceremony c. celebration d. application

3. The alarm went _____ as soon as the man entered the house.

- a. on b. off c. ahead d. through

4. Faiz is a sports _____ on Al Jazeera.

- a. correspondent b. servant c. resident d. inhabitant

5. _____, I must remind everyone that tomorrow's lecture will start at 9am.

- a. Last but not least b. At last c. At least d. In advance

F. Choose the word or phrase that produces a grammatically correct sentence.

1. The annual meeting _____ in January.

- a. is held b. has been holding c. holds d. will hold

2. Gerry _____ to see a doctor after complaining of pains in his stomach.

- a. advises b. advised c. has been advised d. having been advised

3. When I was a student, I _____ two books a week.

- a. was making to read b. made to read c. was made reading d. was made to read

4. How much more time _____ to finish the new bus station?

- a. needs b. needed c. will need d. is needed

5. Jabir _____ a train to London.

- a. was seen boarding b. was boarded c. was seeing to board d. was seen to boarding

6. A \$500 reward _____ anyone who finds the stolen painting.

- a. will give b. will be given to c. will be giving to d. will be given

7. The car must _____ to the mechanic.

- a. taken b. be taken c. be take d. take



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box.

turn in turn down turn up turn into turn over turn out

- As usual, my mother turned out to be right about the weather.
- What an exhausting day! I am going to have to turn in early.
- The investigation has been turned over to the FBI.
- From an average football player, Malik turned into a key player in just one year.
- Karen had to turn down the invitation because she will be in Canada at that time.
- I would be very surprised if Tom turned up before midnight.

B. Match to make appropriate compound nouns so as to complete the sentences below.

- | | | |
|------------|-------|-------------|
| 1. police | _____ | a. tank |
| 2. weather | _____ | b. forecast |
| 3. school | _____ | c. table |
| 4. kitchen | _____ | d. station |
| 5. water | _____ | e. bus |

- The criminals were brought straight to Kensington police station after they were caught.
- We always listen to the weather forecast before we go on a trip.
- All the children must wear their seatbelts while they're in the school bus.
- Just leave the groceries on the kitchen table and I'll put everything in its place.
- The water tank broke and the whole place flooded.

GRAMMAR

C. Rewrite the sentences in the Passive Voice starting with the words given.

- Many people believe Ahmed is a successful businessman.
Ahmed is believed to be a successful businessman.
- They will bring him everything he has asked for.
Everything he has asked for will be brought to him.
- Everybody thinks that Mario is moving abroad.
It is thought that Mario is moving abroad.
- The boys are going to organise a trip to Italy.
A trip to Italy is going to be organised by the boys.
- No one said anything about the incident.
Nothing was said about the incident.
- Scientists consider that virus dangerous.
That virus is considered to be dangerous.
- They are holding discussions next week.
Discussions are being held next week.
- People think Henry made his money in the stock market.
Henry is thought to have made his money in the stock market.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the text with the correct word/phrase. There are two extra words/phrases which you do not need to use.

appeal outdoor refreshments broaden raise money acquire cultural awareness
weather conditions submit extra curricular

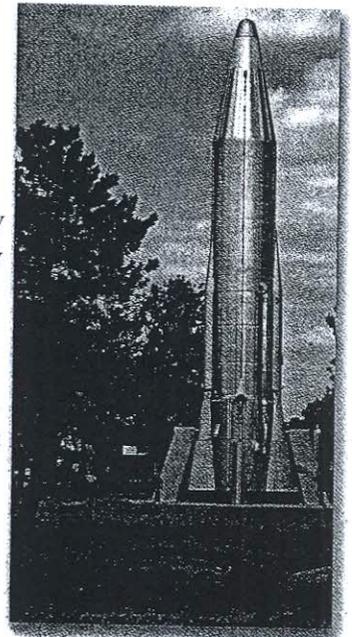
Last week there was an interesting announcement at my school. The PTA (Parent - Teacher Association), who often organise the (1) extra curricular activities at my school, decided that this year we would (2) raise money for a new computer lab. They wanted to know what we, the students, thought would be the best way to achieve this. We had to come up with something that would (3) appeal to as many people as possible and also take into consideration the (4) weather conditions if it were to be a(n) (5) outdoor event. They told us that we had to (6) submit our ideas in two weeks. Many ideas were put forward, like sponsored football matches and fun runs. In the end, we decided to have a bake sale with food from all over the world. It would raise (7) cultural awareness and at the same time it would (8) broaden young people's horizons, and our teachers and parents would surely appreciate it.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text and decide which answer a, b, c or d best fits each gap.

SPACE CAMP

Space camp is a perfect holiday camp for young people interested (1) _____ astronomy and space travel. It has three exciting programmes for young people ranging from 9 to 18. Space campers are exposed (2) _____ tasks that are challenging, both mentally and physically. Activities take place outside on the space camp campus, but there are also many (3) _____ activities. Programmes range from week long courses to one-day field (4) _____. Space campers (5) _____ useful knowledge and experience which (6) _____ their global-awareness and may help them in their future careers. Each programme is fairly (7) _____ when you consider what is (8) _____. Space campers (9) _____ the opportunity to take a spin in the underwater astronaut training facility and even ride in a space shuttle simulator. All accommodation and food are (10) _____ in the price, including extra refreshments that (11) _____ during the day. (12) _____ the end of the course, all participants are awarded a certificate to say they completed the greatest camp on the planet.



- | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1. a. about | b. to | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. in | d. for |
| 2. a. on | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. to | c. with | d. for |
| 3. a. inside | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. indoor | c. inner | d. internal |
| 4. a. journeys | b. holidays | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. trips | d. excursions |
| 5. a. need | b. require | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. acquire | d. use |
| 6. a. creates | b. makes | c. combines | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. cultivates |
| 7. <input checked="" type="radio"/> a. inexpensive | b. ordinary | c. useful | d. notorious |
| 8. a. be offered | <input checked="" type="radio"/> b. being offered | c. been offered | d. has been offered |
| 9. a. give | b. gave | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c. are given | d. will give |
| 10. a. include | b. including | c. being included | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. included |
| 11. a. can be needed | b. aren't needed | c. needed | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. may be needed |
| 12. a. For | b. On | c. At | <input checked="" type="radio"/> d. By |



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There are two extra words/phrases which you do not need to use.

gown auditorium get together venue semi-formal knowledgeable
participate litter curriculum principal faculty distribution

- Why don't we get together at Habib's house for dinner?
- Please throw your litter in the bin. We should try to keep our city clean.
- My father is a(n) knowledgeable man. He always knows what the right answer is.
- The distribution of the flyers took us all day.
- You should wear semi-formal clothes to the event.
- The faculty agreed to use more advanced technology during their lessons.
- I'm going to participate in the school writing competition this year.
- What's the name of the principal of Bleeker High School?
- The princess wore a beautiful gown to the ceremony.
- English is a compulsory foreign language in the school curriculum.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- People believe that a neighbour is involved in the crime.
A neighbour is believed to be involved in the crime. **BE**
- The teacher didn't let us leave before finishing the test.
We were not allowed to leave before finishing the test. **ALLOWED**
- Don't take photographs in the museum.
Photographs must not be taken in the museum. **MUST**
- Scientists say that humans will one day live on Mars.
It is said that humans will one day live on Mars. **IS**
- He's informing the students about the trip right now.
The students are being informed about the trip right now. **ARE**
- Why did they turn down our invitation, Paula?
Why was our invitation turned down, Paula? **TURNED**
- The company gave Nellie a present.
A present was given to Nellie by the company. **WAS**
- I know they meant no harm, but they shouldn't have touched anything until the police arrived.
I know they meant no harm, but nothing should have been touched until the police arrived. **BEEN**



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are three extra words which you do not need to use.

neutral convince complicated curiosity download
 contact attitude attempt destination assist

1. I don't know how to use this machine. It's rather complicated.
2. Paul hasn't taken either side yet. He wants to remain neutral for the time being.
3. Although the bag did not belong to me, I opened it out of curiosity.
4. Our holiday destination for this summer is Crete.
5. Please try to contact Mr Roberts. It's important I see him.
6. Were you able to convince John that quitting his job now would be a big mistake?
7. Can you show me how to download this map from the Internet?

B. Complete the text with the correct form of the words in the box.

surface worth claim cluster
 launch decade benefit

Richard T. Walker's novel *Down to Earth* will undoubtedly be the best-seller of the year, perhaps even the (1) decade. The story begins with a scientist who discovers some large craters on the (2) surface of the moon. The craters were formed by a (3) cluster of meteors. However, they were part of a much bigger meteor which is heading straight for Earth. The government considers sending a mission to destroy it, but many scientists believe it's going to miss Earth, so it's not (4) worth the huge amount of money it would cost. The government is faced with a tough decision. In the end, the government (5) claim(s) that the mission will be a huge success and will (6) benefit all of humankind. Without giving too much away, a rocket is (7) launched with five astronauts aboard, but not all of them return home.

C. Circle the correct answer.

1. This project began **with a view to** / **with the benefit of** increasing children's awareness of environmental problems.
2. Do you know when the SETI Institute was **published** / **founded**?
3. Scientists are going to send a **representative** / **probe** to Jupiter sometime next summer.
4. I **came across** / **indicated** some interesting information regarding artificial intelligence.
5. The match was **transmitted** / **initiated** live by satellite to more than 60 countries.
6. A note was **attached** / **featured** to the letter which said 'Top Secret'.
7. The **unmanned** / **extraterrestrial** satellite will cost a billion dollars but it will gather vital information about our solar system.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

spot transfer transmit position gesture
sign observe site peak remark

- The telephone company charges more for making calls at peak times during the day.
- Are you coming with us to observe the eclipse of the moon?
- Has your father remarked on your new mobile phone yet?
- Our company has decided to transfer its European headquarters to Brussels.
- Some diseases can be transmitted by mosquitoes.
- Have you changed the position of the sofa? The lounge seems different today.
- Tim was punished because he made a rude gesture to another student.
- The valley is my favourite spot for summer picnics.
- The building site is protected by closed circuit television cameras.
- The wind has blown down the 'No fishing' sign in the marina.

B. Circle the correct answer.

- Nathan **came round** / **came into** a lot of money when his grandfather died.
- Jasmine didn't study enough and **as a result** / **in relation** she didn't pass the test.
- It's annoying when you **come about** / **come up** with silly excuses for the things you've done.
- The members of his family weren't **in** / **on** favour of his decision to study abroad.
- With the **exception** / **regard** of Alfred, everyone else is coming on the excursion at the weekend.
- Their family has come **up with** / **up against** many difficulties lately.
- I couldn't possibly talk **in** / **on** behalf of the president.

GRAMMAR

C. Choose the correct answer *a*, *b* or *c*.

- It was _____ cold outside that the lake froze.
 a. so b. such c. such a lot
- The pilot managed to land the plane safely _____ the heavy rain.
a. but b. in spite c. despite
- Everyone came to the meeting _____ the weather was bad.
a. despite b. even though c. in spite of
- I'll take an umbrella _____ it rains.
 a. in case b. so that c. for
- He walked quietly _____ nobody could hear his footsteps.
a. not to b. in case c. so that
- They were _____ nice people that everyone enjoyed their company.
a. such a b. such c. so
- My team didn't win the match _____ playing well.
a. although b. even though c. despite
- This shirt isn't large _____ for me to wear.
 a. enough b. too c. very



D. Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. There were a lot of people in the park but Ralph managed to find John. **DESPITE**
Ralph managed to find John despite the fact that there were a lot of people in the park. / Ralph managed to find John despite there being a lot of people in the park.
2. It was so hot that night that he couldn't sleep at all. **SUCH**
It was such a hot night that he couldn't sleep at all.
3. I put the ice cream in the freezer because I didn't want it to melt. **SO**
I put the ice cream in the freezer so that it would not melt.
4. These are the gloves I wear when I work in the garden. **FOR**
These are the gloves I wear for working in the garden.
5. Neither of them was old enough to have a driving licence. **TOO**
Both of them were too young to have a driving licence.
6. Karen was very tired but she still did all the housework. **ALTHOUGH**
Although Karen was very tired, she still did all the housework.
7. Matt spoke quietly because he didn't want to wake the baby. **SO**
Matt spoke quietly so as not to wake the baby.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

E. Choose the word or phrase that most appropriately completes the sentence.

1. Is there a restaurant at the _____ of the Eiffel Tower?
a. peak b. height c. advent **d. top**
2. You have been given permission to _____ but not participate in this investigation.
a. notice **b. observe** c. remark d. regard
3. Can you remember when Ian was _____ to the Marketing Department?
a. transferred b. transmitted c. transported d. reflected
4. The defendant refused to say anything in _____ to the lawyer's questions.
a. account **b. reply** c. contact d. relation
5. At the _____ of the summer there is a lot of humidity in New York.
a. structure **b. height** c. position d. cluster
6. The _____ where the president is spending his holiday is being kept secret.
a. spot b. site **c. location** d. position
7. The captain told the soldiers to wait for his _____ before attacking.
a. symbol b. gesture c. sign **d. signal**
8. James always comes _____ lots of interesting ways to spend the weekend.
a. about b. into c. up against **d. up with**



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the idioms. There are two idioms which you do not need to use.

put one's foot down	flesh and blood	get cold feet	all ears
an arm and a leg	all fingers and thumbs	have the cheek	keep one's head
break a leg	down in the mouth	turn a blind eye	heart in one's mouth

- A: I've got some good news.
B: Go on then, I'm all ears.
- I was about to dive off the cliff into the water, but the closer I got to the edge, the more frightened I became and in the end I got cold feet.
- Jackie looks really down in the mouth; I wonder if something is bothering her.
- Paul turned a blind eye to his brother's bad behaviour and now he's in trouble.
- My new car cost me an arm and a leg; I had to get a big loan to buy it.
- James is all fingers and thumbs when it comes to fixing things around the house.
- A: I'm really nervous. My final exam is tomorrow.
B: Break a leg!
- I can't believe Peter; after leaving the lights on all night, he had the cheek to tell me we have to start using less electricity.
- I had my heart in my mouth when I asked the doctor if Jenny would be alright.
- Although he's my flesh and blood, I don't always like the way he behaves.

GRAMMAR

B. Expand the notes into sentences using the causative.

- Roman / his car / clean / every week
Roman has his car cleaned every week
- Rick / his hair / cut / barber's / yesterday
Rick had his hair cut at the barber's yesterday
- Susan / should / her arm / operate on
Susan should have her arm operated on
- The Browns / their flat / redecorate / recently
The Browns have had their flat redecorated recently
- David / his computer / upgrade / soon
David will have his computer upgraded soon
- Mrs Clark / flowers / plant / garden / now
Mrs Clark is having flowers planted in her garden now

C. Rewrite the sentences in two ways using *have something done* and *get somebody to do something*.

- The hairdresser is styling my hair tomorrow afternoon. I am having my hair styled tomorrow afternoon.
I am getting the hairdresser to style my hair tomorrow afternoon.
- The mechanic repaired my car yesterday. I had my car repaired yesterday.
I got the mechanic to repair my car yesterday.
- Isn't it time someone painted your flat? Isn't it time you had your flat painted?
Isn't it time you got someone to paint your flat?
- I need a tailor to shorten my trousers. I need to have my trousers shortened.
I need to get a tailor to shorten my trousers.
- A technician is coming to install an air conditioner on Friday. I am having an air conditioner installed on Friday.
I am getting a technician to install an air conditioner on Friday.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There are two extra words/phrases which you do not need to use.

competition health hazard convenient promote advanced subconscious
influence landline flyer outdated reliable litter

- We were driving around for ages before we found a convenient parking space.
- Air pollution is a health hazard to the people living in the city.
- I found a part-time job handing out flyers for a gym that's opened in the neighbourhood.
- Robert is not a very reliable person; he always disappoints me.
- Many clothing shops have to face competition from the cheaper factory outlets that are opening all over the country.
- Let me give you my new landline number.
- The writer is going to promote his new book by giving a talk in the local library.
- The volunteers helped to clear the litter from the beach.
- The scientists are using advanced technology to do their research.
- Good advertising is able to influence how people think and make them believe that they need a product.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- I wrote down his telephone number because I didn't want to forget it. **THAT**
I wrote down his telephone number so that I would not forget it.
- There wasn't much snow and we couldn't go skiing. **SO**
There was so little snow that we couldn't go skiing.
- Tommy is too short to reach the top shelf of the bookcase. **ENOUGH**
Tommy isn't tall enough reach the top shelf of the bookcase.
- Someone has stolen my bag and now I'm very upset. **HAD**
I have had my bag stolen and now I'm very upset.
- The children hid the cake they had made because they wanted to surprise their mother. **ORDER**
The children hid the cake they had made in order to surprise their mother.
- The trip was cheap but Malik didn't go. **EVEN**
Malik didn't go on the trip even though it was cheap.
- A technician upgraded my computer last week. **UPGRADE**
I had a technician upgrade / got a technician to upgrade my computer last week.
- Please arrange for these parcels to be posted as soon as possible. **HAVE**
Please have these parcels posted as soon as possible.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

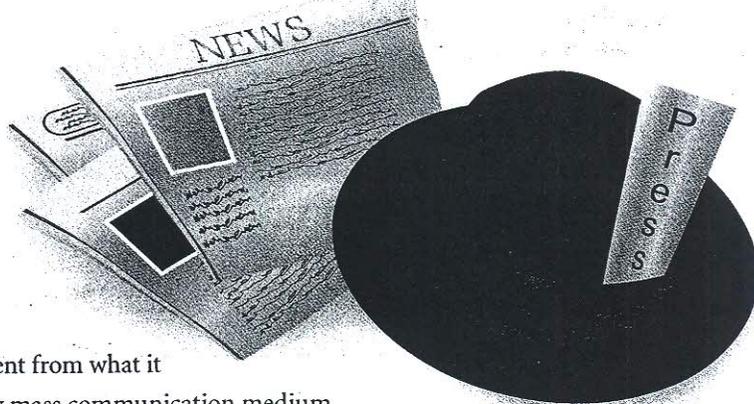
reliable addicted questionnaire factor accidentally approximately
virus illustrate socialise confiscate research wisely

1. Research has shown that doing exercise helps to relieve stress.
2. David is a really reliable person; I can always count on him.
3. They asked me to fill in a(n) questionnaire about my shopping habits.
4. I accidentally broke my mother's vase so I bought her a new one.
5. Omar is addicted to baseball. He never misses a game.
6. Hackers are said to have started a computer virus.
7. The security guards will confiscate any metallic objects they consider to be a potential threat.
8. To illustrate his point, the speaker referred to many historical facts.
9. The company spent approximately €4,000,000 on its advertising campaign.
10. We considered a number of different factors before proceeding with this project.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text below and complete the gaps. Use only one word in each gap.

NEWS TRAVELS FAST



The way we give and receive information today is very different from what it

- (1) used to be in the past. The first truly mass communication medium
 (2) for learning about current affairs was the newspaper. In the 1900s, people
 (3) had their daily newspaper delivered to them every morning, and for the first time they could read
 about national and international events. By the beginning of the 20th century newspapers had to (4) be
 printed in their hundreds of thousands in (5) order to keep up with the growing demand. However,
 there were problems with newspapers of the time. Firstly, newspapers (6) could only be bought in large
 cities. Transport was (7) so slow that getting newspapers to the countryside was a difficult and time
 consuming task. As a (8) result of this, many people found out about events days after they
 (9) had first been reported. What is (10) more, newspapers weren't always reliable,
 as there was a limited range of opinions and sources to compare with. Nowadays, TV and the Internet provide up to the minute
 information so (11) that people can be informed as soon as events happen. In (12) spite
 of this, people sometimes believe that there is so much information that it's impossible to process it properly. The human
 brain needs time to think about and take in information. Without this time, people feel at a loss.



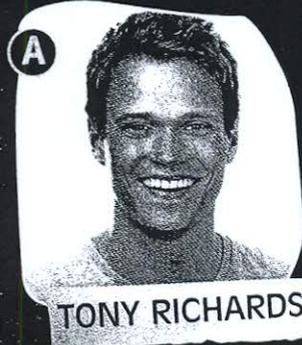


READING

A. Read the text below and answer the questions 1-15. Write A-D in the boxes.

HOW DID I GET HERE?

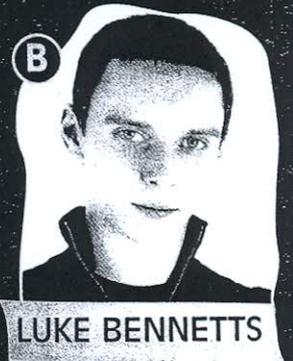
Some university students look back at the combination of circumstances that found them on their present course.



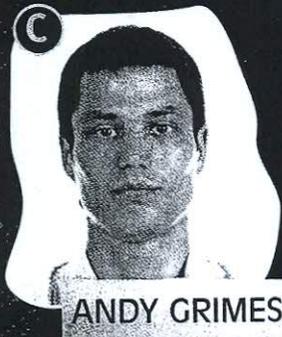
TONY RICHARDS

During a lecture last week I asked myself the question, 'Why Biology?' What influenced me to devote three years studying this subject? After all, it's the kind of decision which really affects your life. My decision could best be described as accidental. When I was fifteen, I developed a condition which almost killed me. It took the doctors ages to find the cause of my symptoms. During this time, my family and I realised how precious life is and how little we still know about how the body functions. From then on, anything I found in newspapers or magazines concerning biological issues fascinated me. Consequently, science exams at school became a breeze and my teachers had a problem keeping me quiet when we discussed certain topics. Then, from achieving high grades at school, I decided on the course that appealed to me most and entered university.

When I consider it, I believe I was meant to be a journalist. My mother told me from an early age I was constantly asking questions. I always had to know what was going on. However this innate search for facts didn't lead me directly to my choice of course. Out of three courses available to me, I chose Media and Communication because I thought it covered a wider area rather than straightforward journalism. In the end, you could say I followed in my father's footsteps. He is a photo-journalist and as a child, I spent a lot of time going to work with him, and I certainly do remember enjoying the atmosphere there. However, as I've already said, ever since I can remember, I've wanted to do this. Maybe I inherited a gene or something from my dad which has affected me, I don't know.



LUKE BENNETTS



ANDY GRIMES

For me choosing the right university course was more of a trial and error process. I chose a subject almost randomly and just hoped that I could adapt to the needs of the course. For me, university is simply an opportunity to enjoy myself for three years. I chose linguistics because a few of my mates were doing it, but I believe that most people go into university blind. You don't know what the facilities, the tutors or the other students are really like until you get there. Luckily, my decision turned out to be a fruitful one. In my first year I was staying up late every night watching TV and playing computer games with friends, and missing classes all the time. Now, I find myself turning down offers from my mates because I have an early lecture I want to attend. I'm really getting into the subject and I love the way it involves other disciplines such as media and sociology. It just proves that even if your motivation is weak in the beginning, you can still benefit from the course. It seems that sometimes a course can find the right student and not the other way around.

Even if you are confident that you have made the right decision, there is still an element of risk. I'm from Spain and I'm a student of Economics and I found it difficult to leave my homeland. My dad was furious when I told him. He wouldn't speak to me for weeks. I made the decision to study Economics during my last couple of years at school but the question was where? I had been accepted at the universities of Madrid and Zaragoza, but the courses didn't focus on what I'm interested in. I didn't even consider going abroad at first, but after a while I quite liked the idea. It was a chance to improve my English and get to know a different way of life. Whether or not I made the right decision, I still don't know. I'm doing OK here, my grades are good and my English is almost fluent. However, even if I changed my mind, there's not much I could do about it. I made my decision and I have to stick to it. For me this is the best philosophy; whichever course you choose, make the most of it.



CELESTINO DELEYTO

Which student suggests the following?

- I enjoy the variety offered by my course.
- I had some difficulty overcoming an objection from my family.
- I have always had a curious nature.
- I have become quite antisocial recently.
- I have always known what I wanted to do.
- I am still not sure if I'm doing the right thing.
- My exam results assured me of my choice of course.
- I changed my attitude while at university.
- I was influenced by one of my parents.
- I wanted to take the same course as my friends.
- A serious illness influenced my choice of course.
- I was offered places at various universities.
- I selected a course because of its broad nature.
- I had no prior knowledge of what university would be like.
- I believe in taking full advantage of what's on offer.

- 1 C
- 2 D
- 3 B
- 4 C
- 5 B
- 6 D
- 7 A
- 8 C
- 9 B
- 10 C
- 11 A
- 12 D
- 13 B
- 14 C
- 15 D

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Choose the word or phrase that produces a grammatically correct sentence.

- 1. Two new schools _____ in our area because of the growth in population.
a. will build b. are building c. will be built d. have built
- 2. _____ not feeling well, he came to work.
a. In spite b. However c. Even though d. Despite
- 3. We have _____ fun when going on camping trips that we go at least twice a year.
a. so b. such a lot of c. so little d. such much
- 4. Jonathan _____ one of the richest men in the country.
a. is thought that he is b. thinks to be c. is thought being d. is thought to be
- 5. Though she could not be seen, Kelly was heard _____ for help.
a. to calling out b. calling out c. call out d. to be called out
- 6. The tickets for the football match could _____ earlier.
 a. have been bought b. buy c. to be bought d. be buying
- 7. Husain rarely exercises _____ he has plenty of time.
a. in spite of b. however c. despite d. although
- 8. Take some warm clothes with you _____ it gets colder.
a. so that b. in order c. in case d. so as not
- 9. I _____ my little brother to tidy up my room.
a. made b. had c. got d. did
- 10. I _____ my dishwasher repaired by a technician when you called.
 a. was having b. had c. have had d. would have

WRITING

C. Here is part of a letter you have received from an English-speaking friend.

I am working on a project on how national holidays are celebrated in schools in different countries. Would you be able to help me by describing how an important national holiday is celebrated at your school/university and saying what you like about it? Hope to hear from you soon.

Write your letter (120-180 words).

D. You have had a class discussion on advertising. Your teacher has asked you to write an essay, giving your opinion on the following question:

Do advertisements inform the public about products available or influence shoppers to buy products they don't need?

Write your essay (120-180 words).



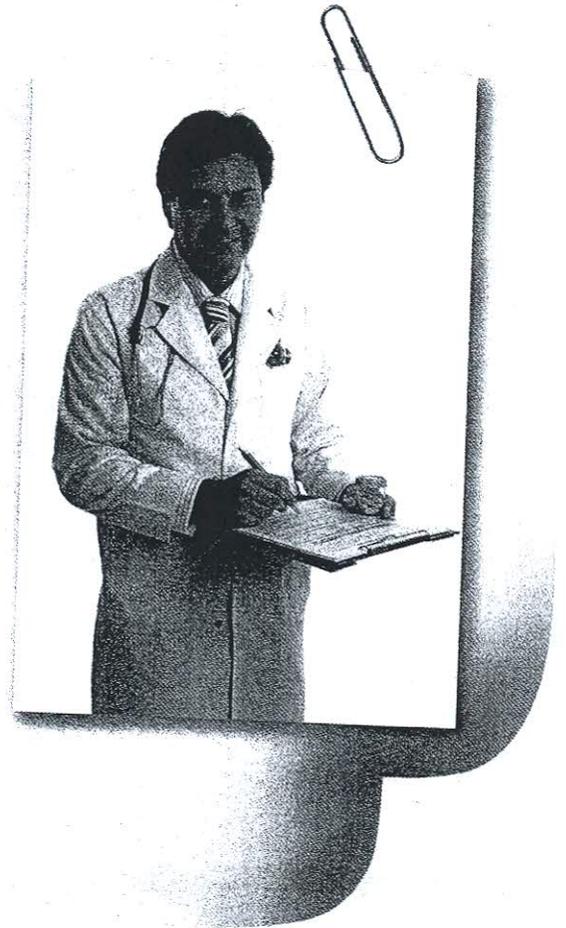
VOCABULARY

A. Read the text and circle the correct answer.

Did you know that **on** / of average we forget about 80% of the medical information a doctor might give us? This fascinating information came to light as a result of a study carried **out** / on by Utrecht University. What is even more interesting is that almost half of what we think we remember is wrong.

Why do you think this is? Well, it's not as **complicated** / addicted as you may think. You see, going to the doctor fills most people with **rage** / anxiety and when we are really nervous and stressed we are more likely to focus on the diagnosis rather than the treatment. Therefore, we know what is wrong with us but have no idea what to do about it.

Here are some good tips to keep in mind when seeing a doctor. Always write down any important information. What would be even better is, if your doctor agreed, to record your consultation. This way, you can replay the advice at home, where you are more likely to **stimulate** / absorb it. If you believe the situation is serious or you're really worried, **seek** / doubt the help of a family member. Just ask them to accompany you to listen in. This way you can be **absolutely** / desperately sure about what the doctor has told you and avoid falling into the same **element** / trap that most people do.



B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

attach	wealthy	relative	reasonable	material	disabled
bliss	naive	strenuous	state	contribute	survey

- My father is a very reasonable person. He's always fair and sensible.
- Just because someone is wealthy, it doesn't mean that they are happy. After all, money can't buy happiness.
- It's naive to think that you can have everything you want in life without making any effort to achieve your goals.
- Mr Thomson's sons also contribute to the family business.
- My idea of bliss is having ice cream on the beach on a hot day.
- This building has got all the appropriate facilities for the disabled.
- A recent survey showed that 75% of the residents are in favour of the plan.
- Can you please attach this photograph to my CV?
- Working on a computer all day can be strenuous for your eyes.
- They now live in relative comfort. Their new house is much better than their old one.
- Having many material possessions doesn't necessarily bring you happiness.
- This building is in a terrible state. It looks like it's going to collapse.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete with prepositions.

- familiar with
- ashamed of
- serious about
- different from
- proud of
- curious about
- popular with
- capable of

B. Complete the sentences with the adjectives and prepositions from the previous exercise.

- Young man, you should be ashamed of yourself. Talking to your classmates like that is unacceptable.
- Looking back on his life, he was quite proud of his achievements.
- Fast food restaurants are very popular with young people.
- Daniel isn't familiar with computers at all. That's why he asked Khaled to help him.
- Although they're twins, they're completely different from each other.
- I don't believe you aren't curious about what happened last night.
- Don't worry, Brandon is capable of looking after the business while we're away.
- Are they serious about taking part in the marathon race?

C. Circle the correct answer.

- All the evidence about the murder **put** / **came** to light much later than the police had expected.
- I have **second thoughts** / **make-believe** about whether I should accept their offer and move to England.
- My grandmother finds it really difficult to **come into effect** / **come to terms with** the loss of her husband.
- Why don't you tell me what you're thinking about? Come on, **a train of thought** / **a penny for your thoughts**.
- Eric's mobile phone **came to light** / **came in handy** last night when he had a puncture and had to call for help.
- The children were very frightened by the story even though it was **make-believe** / **to be seen to be believed**.
- The new government that **came into** / **power** / **effect** made many changes.

GRAMMAR

D. Rewrite the sentences in Reported Speech using the correct form of the verbs given.

- 'If you don't stop making noise, I'll call the police,' said Martin. **THREATEN**
Martin threatened to call the police if we didn't stop making noise.
- 'I'm afraid I won't be able to be there on time, Tom,' said Peter. **TELL**
Peter told Tom (that he was afraid) he wouldn't be able to be there on time.
- 'Sit down and be quiet,' Mr Harris told the students. **ORDER**
Mr Harris ordered the students to sit down and be quiet.
- Rob said to Kevin, 'I called you as soon as I got home last night.' **EXPLAIN**
Rob explained to Kevin (that) he had called him as soon as he had got home the previous night / night before.
- 'Sir, get out of the car and give me your driving licence please,' the policeman said. **ASK**
The policeman asked the man to get out of the car and give him his driving licence.
- 'If I see Jackie tomorrow, we'll go shopping,' said Kate. **SAY**
Kate said that if she saw Jackie the following day / the next day, they would go shopping.
- 'Your parents are arriving tonight, Brenda,' Deena said. **TELL**
Deena told Brenda that her parents were arriving that night.
- 'Please, open a window because it's so hot today,' she said to me. **BEG**
She begged me to open a window because it was so hot that day.



E. Rewrite the following sentences in Reported Speech. Use each of the reporting verbs in the box once.

suggest warn deny advise remind accuse admit apologise

1. 'Honestly, I didn't break your mobile,' the boy told his brother.
The boy denied breaking his brother's mobile.
2. 'Nadir, don't forget to buy some bread on your way home,' said Kamal.
Kamal reminded Nadir to buy some bread on his way home.
3. 'George, it was me who lost your camera,' said Jerry.
Jerry admitted losing George's camera.
4. 'There's an exhibition on at the gallery. Let's go and see it,' Ron said.
Ron suggested seeing an/the exhibition at the gallery. / Ron suggested that we (should) go and see an/the exhibition at the gallery.
5. 'Keep your children out of the sun,' experts say to parents.
Experts advise parents to keep their children out of the sun.
6. 'I'm sorry I forgot to wake you up in the morning,' Brian said to his brother.
Brian apologised to his brother for forgetting to wake him up in the morning.
7. 'If you keep coming to work late, you'll be in trouble,' Ralph's boss said.
Ralph's boss warned him that if he kept coming to work late, he would be in trouble.
8. 'We know you committed the crime,' the police officer told the man.
The police officer accused the man of committing the crime.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

F. Choose the word or phrase that most appropriately completes the sentences.

1. You don't look very happy! Are you having _____ about sharing your flat?
a. make-believe b. train of thought **c. second thoughts** d. a penny for your thoughts
2. This map of Europe really came _____ when we were travelling around Holland and Germany.
a. to terms with **b. in handy** c. to light d. into effect
3. Adrian Bolton looks capable _____ breaking the 100 metres swimming record at any time.
a. of b. to c. for d. from
4. Brian has no _____ he will be able to finish the project by Sunday.
a. desire **b. doubt** c. anxiety d. impression
5. He's a great nursery school teacher because he's very patient _____ young children.
a. of b. to c. for **d. with**
6. Derek's ideas about reorganising the company gave us some food for _____.
a. thought b. belief c. effect d. light
7. Since this government came _____, unemployment has fallen considerably.
a. into effect **b. into power** c. across d. around
8. I'm a bit nervous _____ my exams. I'm not sure I've studied enough.
a. of b. with c. for **d. about**



VOCABULARY

A. Match the adjectives on the left with the nouns on the right to form collocations. Then use the collocations to complete the sentences 1-6.

- | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------------|
| 1. burning | c | a. sense |
| 2. stimulating | e | b. impression |
| 3. vivid | d | c. desire |
| 4. common | a | d. imagination |
| 5. wide | f | e. environment |
| 6. lasting | b | f. range |

- Imad's always making up stories. He's got such a vivid imagination.
- The first time I saw his paintings, they made a lasting impression on me.
- Hugh has a burning desire to succeed in becoming a basketball player.
- It's a matter of common sense that we should all protect the environment.
- He's an amazing teacher who knows how to create a stimulating environment in his classroom.
- This school offers a wide range of extracurricular activities for children to choose from.

B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

influence depressing exceptionally surpass genius homesickness

- It's only when you read one of his books that you recognise the genius of Naguib Mahfouz.
- The athlete hopes to surpass his own world record at the Olympics.
- Harry's homesickness is due to the fact he's been away from his country for almost ten years.
- I believe Brian was deeply influenced by his father in his choice of career.
- My uncle is a(n) exceptionally gifted writer. All his books are best sellers.
- I didn't like that author's latest novel. It was very depressing.

GRAMMAR

C. Rewrite the sentences in Reported Speech.

- 'Are you taking your little brother to the circus?'
Mario asked me if I was taking my little brother to the circus.
- 'When will I go on holiday?'
George wondered when he would go on holiday.
- 'Have you ever been to an Indian restaurant, Matthew?'
Kevin asked Matthew if he had ever been to an Indian restaurant.
- 'Why did you arrive late for work?' asked my boss.
My boss wanted to know why I had arrived late for work.
- 'What time does the football game start, Alex?'
I asked Alex what time the football game started.
- 'Do you buy a newspaper every day, Rida?' asked John.
John asked Rida if he bought a newspaper every day.
- 'How does the computer turn off?'
I asked Michael how the computer turned/turns off.

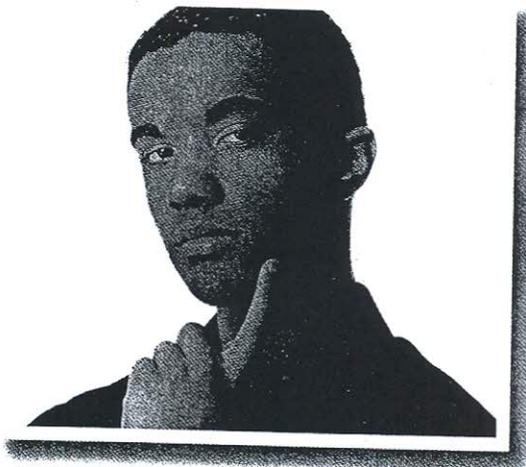


VOCABULARY

A. Complete the text with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There is one extra word/phrase which you do not need to use.

field of study dead-end career path option
 mature appeal practical skill security

Lately I have been thinking a lot about which (1) career path I would like to follow. There are many things I should take into consideration. First, I believe that if I go to university, I should choose a(n) (2) field of study which both interests me and provides good job opportunities. Although there are many academic subjects which (3) appeal to me, I'm a bit worried that some of them might lead me to (4) dead-end jobs. Also, I would like to be a bit flexible with the subject, so I can leave my (5) options open. In the end, I believe my decision should be a (6) mature one if I want to ensure that I choose a career with some job (7) security.



EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text below and complete the gaps. Use only one word in each gap.

A spoonful of friendship

When you are looking (1) for a gift for someone, how much thought do you put into it? Gifts can appeal (2) to different senses; for instance, flowers appeal to smell and chocolates to taste. These days there are (3) so many gift shops full of gift ideas that the options are endless. However, the best gifts are not the ones (4) that/which cost the most, but those that show that you care and are capable (5) of choosing a sensitive, appropriate gift from the wide (6) range available. A friend who had just returned from Wales (7) told me of a rather unusual but charming present he had bought (8) for his mother. It is a traditional carved, wooden spoon. (9) As well as being given as a token of friendship, there are also spoons for special occasions. You can tell each spoon apart by the specific design and symbols found on them; for example, a flower would mean affection and a dragon would mean protection. Most of these spoons are true examples of craftsmanship and need to be (10) seen to be believed. (11) Needless to say, they always leave a lasting impression (12) on the person receiving them. It just goes to show that putting a little thought into your gift goes a long way; as they say, 'It's the thought that counts.'

VOCABULARY

A. Circle the correct answer.

- I'm writing to address / **with regard to** your advertisement published last week.
- Which of our classmates do you think is **eligible** / **equivalent** for the scholarship this year?
- The manager of the company will interview all the **applicants** / **requests** for the job.
- Alicia has excellent **relevant** / **organisational** skills.
- All the people in the **community** / **contribution** should be actively involved in the cleaning of the beach.
- We can ask Mark to water our plants for us while we are away. He's very **reliable** / **fluent**.
- It's unbelievable, but Peter was **awarded** / **manufactured** a grant to study Marine Biology in Chile.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Read the text and decide which answer a, b, c or d best fits each gap.

Great Minds Think Alike

Picture this: you're bored and you want to do something (1) _____ your friends. You pick up your phone, make a few quick calls and within minutes you've made your plans. Having a phone really comes in (2) _____, doesn't it? Have you ever thought about what it was like before the phone was invented? In 1876, two men, Elisha Gray and Alexander Graham Bell, (3) _____ with designs for the first telephone. Both men, on the same day, rushed to the Patent Office to obtain the patent for their inventions, which would (4) _____ them to claim ownership of the telephone idea. Many wondered how both of these men, clearly (5) _____ by each other's work, managed to come up with the same exact idea and design on the same day. In time, facts came (6) _____ light regarding the two designs for the telephone. Gray's patent for (7) _____ the human voice through a telegraphic circuit was actually received in the Patent Office before Bell's patent for 'Improvements in Telegraphy.' There was (8) _____ to suggest that Bell's lawyers insisted that his patent should be processed first, and thus, thrust Bell into the limelight as the 'father' of the telephone. Upon hearing that his patent was not first, Gray abandoned his patent and even (9) _____ to Bell's research. A few weeks later, on 10th March, Bell, using Gray's design, made the first person-to-person telephone call that was not just (10) _____ sounds. The first words: 'Mr Watson, come here, I want to see you,' were directed towards Bell's (11) _____ associate, Thomas Watson, who was waiting in a nearby room. Regardless of what happened at the Patent Office, the phone is to this day one of the most well-received inventions and has surely made a (12) _____ impression all over the world.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. a. with | b. of | c. from | d. about |
| 2. a. useful | b. helpful | c. handy | d. light |
| 3. a. influenced | b. surpassed | c. demonstrated | d. experimented |
| 4. a. admit | b. exclaim | c. insist | d. permit |
| 5. a. threatened | b. begged | c. encouraged | d. forbade |
| 6. a. in | b. to | c. on | d. with |
| 7. a. conducting | b. transmitting | c. perceiving | d. interpreting |
| 8. a. evidence | b. assistance | c. source | d. procedure |
| 9. a. contribute | b. contributes | c. contributed | d. contribution |
| 10. a. distorted | b. bended | c. handled | d. manufactured |
| 11. a. genius | b. professor | c. mentor | d. academic |
| 12. a. wide | b. lasting | c. stimulating | d. burning |



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box.

end up show up cut out take up hang out stick with be caught up

1. If you don't start being more careful with your money, you will end up bankrupt.
2. My friends and I usually hang out at the café which is just around the corner from where we live.
3. Mr Robinson, you'll have to cut out the fatty food you've been eating. It's dangerous for your health.
4. Guess who showed up uninvited at Frank's wedding?
5. I was walking down the street when suddenly I was caught up in the rain.
6. My father has decided to take up tennis to help him stay fit.
7. I know it's hard, but if you want to lose weight, you'd better stick with your diet.

B. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. There are two extra words which you do not need to use.

consequence quit pastime shape peer associate muscle recruit embark skip

1. One of my father's favourite pastimes is reading.
2. If you're ready to embark on an adventure, then don't miss this trip.
3. You've broken the law and now it's time for you to face the consequences of your actions.
4. Gadi has decided to join a gym in order to tone his muscles.
5. Some teenagers will go to extremes to impress their peers.
6. According to health experts, you should never skip a meal – even when you want to lose weight.
7. He was disappointed with his job so he quit and opened up his own business.
8. Always keep in mind that there are many risks associated with extreme sports.

C. Circle the correct answer.

1. Don't you think that being physically fit / sweaty is important for our health?
2. I find that going to the gym helps me get rid of all the coordination / frustration I feel.
3. People's busy daily schedules / chores prevent them from going to a gym.
4. I prefer to run some japs / squats around the park than run on a treadmill.
5. When I first entered the Tae Bo class, I was extremely intense / self-conscious.
6. The book was inspired / structured by true events but there is a lot of fantasy in it, too.
7. Children need to be taught discipline / endurance by their parents.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences by filling in the missing prepositions.

- Hassan has certainly taken after his father. They do not only look the same but sound the same, too.
- Hurry up! We're going to be late and the plane takes off in a couple of hours.
- Daniel, can you please take down their phone number in case we need to call them later?
- Patrick is studying really hard for his final exams, but I don't think he'll be able to take in all that information so quickly.
- Who's going to take over the company now that the president has retired?
- Take back what you said or I'll never speak to you again.
- It's not that I don't want to help you, but I'm too busy to take on more responsibilities now.

B. Complete the sentences with the correct expression. Use each expression only once.

get into trouble get on one's nerves get down to business
get even with get the better of get the sack

- I don't want to get even with him for what he did to me. It's not worth the fuss.
- The people he hangs out with are a bad influence; it's no wonder he is getting / gets into trouble all the time.
- If you don't start showing up to work on time, don't be surprised if you get the sack.
- Being stuck in traffic every day really gets on my nerves.
- Don't let his comments get the better of you. Just ignore him.
- Come on people! We'd better get down to business if we want to have the project finished by Wednesday.

GRAMMAR

C. Circle the correct answer.

- If I had been / were you, I would go home and try to get some sleep.
- If Ameer had known / knew you were coming, he wouldn't have left.
- If they could do it alone, they wouldn't ask / won't have asked for your help.
- If Tom has had / had had your phone number, he will call / would have called to invite you.
- We wouldn't have had / won't have had that car accident if you were / had been more careful.
- If I could save up enough money, I would buy / would have bought a new car.
- If Peter didn't want / doesn't want to go to a restaurant, we can have dinner at home.



D. Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. It's a pity Frank has lost the tickets for the match. Now we can't go. **ONLY**
If only Frank hadn't lost the tickets. If only we could go to the match.
2. I would like you to go to the park with your brother and not alone. **RATHER**
I'd rather you went to the park with your brother and not alone.
3. You have to hand in your tests now. **TIME**
It is (high / about) time you handed in your tests. / It is time to hand in your tests now.
4. I would be grateful if you didn't make so much noise while I am studying. **WISH**
I wish you wouldn't make so much noise while I am studying. / I wish you didn't make so much noise while I am studying.
5. I didn't take my doctor's advice and now my condition has worsened. **IF**
If I had taken my doctor's advice, my condition wouldn't have worsened. / If only I had taken my doctor's advice.
6. Although Bradley isn't the boss, he acts like a boss. **THOUGH**
Bradley acts as though he were the boss.
7. You used my mobile phone even though I did not want you to. **RATHER**
I would rather you hadn't used my mobile phone.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

E. Read the text below and complete the gaps. Use only one word in each gap.

Pilates

Pilates is a system of exercises that has become hugely popular in recent years. It uses various controlled movements (1) to strengthen your body and improve your mental well-being. It is one of the preferred exercises of millions of people because it can bring about a dramatic improvement in your health and fitness. Pilates has body toning exercises which aim to enhance your flexibility and strength. (2) However, it doesn't make you very muscular like body building; instead, you develop a firmer, more streamlined body shape. The inventor of Pilates was Joseph H. Pilates, who as a child was constantly bullied and suffered from illnesses. In (3) spite of this, he did not let his troubles get the (4) better of him and he took a serious interest in physical fitness. During WWI, if Pilates hadn't (5) been taken as a prisoner of war, he might not have (6) had the opportunity to perfect his techniques. It was during his imprisonment that he developed his methods by training other prisoners, in particular, bed-bound prisoners. He believed that physical and mental health are related and he designed his exercises around this idea. Today, pilates is used by people all around the world to help (7) keep their minds and their bodies healthy. A major advantage of pilates is that anyone can do it because it doesn't matter (8) if you aren't very fit. There are two methods of (9) doing the exercises; in the first you use a mat and your body uses its own weight as resistance. The second method uses various machines which again work on the same principle of resistance. The exercise routines are diverse, (10) which makes them interesting and fun. Have you ever said to yourself, 'If (11) only I could lose those extra kilos I've gained!' Well, why don't you take (12) up pilates? The results will amaze you.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

side effect spice lavender supplement jasmine essential oil

- The good thing about this medication is that it doesn't have any side effects.
- There are so many herbs and spices in that soup that I can smell it all the way from upstairs!
- The weightlifter got into trouble for using muscle-building supplements before the competition.
- That tea smelled lovely. However, I can't tell if there was lavender / jasmine or jasmine / lavender in it.
- Essential oils are used in aromatherapy, which is a form of alternative medicine.

B. Circle the correct answer.

- I'm desperate! I need to find a second job if I want to bring **on** / **in** some extra cash.
- My boss keeps putting more and more **blame** / **pressure** on me to finish the project on time.
- The local authorities are trying to find out what brought **about** / **round** the disaster in the forest.
- Leo was brought **up** / **on** in a family in which everyone loved and respected each other.
- Rami has put so much **effort** / **money** into his business that he has none left in the bank.
- Looking at those pictures brought **up** / **back** some happy memories for me.

GRAMMAR

C. Expand the notes into sentences using inversion.

- under no circumstances / you / should / be / rude / boss
Under no circumstances should you be rude to the/your boss.
- no sooner / he / enter / home / last night / phone / ring
No sooner had he entered his home last night than the phone rang.
- in no way / Kevin / accept / go out / Danny / tomorrow
In no way will Kevin accept to go out with Danny tomorrow.
- little / he / know / he / regret / make / that decision
Little did he know that he would regret making that decision.
- not once / Kelly / look / our direction
Not once did Kelly look in our direction.
- not until / Maria / apologise / I / speak / her
Not until Maria apologises will I speak to her.

D. Rewrite the sentences using inversion.

- He rarely uses his credit card when shopping.
Rarely does he use his credit card when shopping.
- You should not walk around in that neighbourhood after dark on any account.
On no account should you walk around in that neighbourhood after dark.
- He seldom visited his home town when he was young.
Seldom did he visit his home town when he was young.
- We had never before heard such an interesting speech.
Never before had we heard such an interesting speech.
- I had hardly started eating when Daniel showed up.
Hardly had I started eating when Daniel showed up.
- I didn't tell you to keep the truth from the police at any time.
At no time did I tell you to keep the truth from the police.



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the text with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There are two extra words/phrases which you do not need to use.

health resort concentration reduce stress in shape
 balanced diet tension unwind pilates mud mask

My brother Salah is a very hard-working man who has a job with a lot of responsibility. He has a great personality and is highly intelligent. The problem is he's full of (1) tension and anxiety. I wanted to try to do something nice for him and also help him (2) reduce stress in his life. I've tried to convince him to take a holiday abroad, but he doesn't want to take too much time off from work. So, I arranged for him to spend a few days at a wonderful (3) health resort. I reckon, since it's only a few days, he won't be able to object. Hopefully, this will help him relax and (4) unwind a bit. The place offers a variety of services, and I've heard great things about it from various friends. I don't know if he'll try (5) pilates, but it would be good for him. There are lots of other activities he can do there which will help him keep (6) in shape, and that's something I know he's interested in. He should at least get a(n) (7) mud mask or a massage. I know I would definitely love the opportunity to be pampered like that. I hope that he'll appreciate my idea!

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the text with the correct form of the words in capitals.

AN ENERGY BOOSTER!

Athletes are expected to be (1) physically healthy all the time. Sometimes when you train, or after a hard competition, your body loses the (2) essential vitamins and nutrients necessary to function properly. For many years, athletes have compensated for this loss by drinking beverages designed to restore and rehydrate what the body loses. One such substance that has been on the market as a (3) nutritional substitute is the sports drink Gatorade. Gatorade got its start back in 1965, when medical researchers at the University of Florida were asked by the football team to find a dietary (4) supplement that would help keep the players (5) energised during the long, hot practices in the Florida heat. The doctors went about experimenting to create a new, healthy sports drink. It took a lot of work, but they eventually came up with a drink that helped improve athletes' (6) endurance. The team decided to call the drink 'Gatorade' as a tribute to the University of Florida football team, the Gators. Soon, the entire team started drinking Gatorade regularly, and to prove the (7) effectiveness of the new tonic, the Gators went on to win the Orange Bowl in 1967. After this (8) successful turn of events, Gatorade became a much sought-after product and was bought by the PepsiCo. Today you can get Gatorade in a range of (9) tasty flavours, including lemon-lime, orange and fruit punch. One of the most common traditions to have come about with Gatorade is the 'Gatorade shower', which occurs at the end of a football game. The players of the (10) victorious team dunk the entire contents of the Gatorade cooler over their coach's head. Talk about instant refreshment!

PHYSICAL
 ESSENCE

NUTRITION

SUPPLY
 ENERGY

ENDURE

EFFECT
 SUCCESS

TASTE

VICTORY



VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words/phrases in the box. There are two extra words/phrases which you do not need to use.

sunlounger scenery numerous shipwreck coral reef refreshment superior
 possession suitability take everything into consideration free of charge ensure

- Even though he is our superior, I don't think he deserves to be because he's not very good at his job.
- There are numerous activities which you can participate in, including deep-sea diving and night fishing.
- The police officer ensured the safe return of the witness after the trial was over.
- In this part of the ocean, there are many natural coral reefs, which are protected by the Wildlife Preserve.
- After taking everything into consideration, I've decided to sell my house in the city and move to the country.
- Last year I went scuba diving and among the most interesting things I saw was a shipwreck from the 19th century.
- There will be a short question and answer period after the speech followed by snacks and refreshments.
- I want to get a few sunloungers and a table to put in the garden.
- Make sure you lock all your valuable possessions in the wall safe that is behind the painting over the bed.
- A continental breakfast is available in the dining hall every morning between 6 and 9am, free of charge.

EXAMINATION PRACTICE

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- Fortunately, they were wearing seat belts, so nobody was seriously injured.
 If they had not been wearing seat belts, they could have been seriously injured. **NOT**
- What a pity you have to leave so early!
 If only you didn't have to leave so early! **ONLY**
- You should not use a lift immediately after an earthquake.
 On no account should you use a lift immediately after an earthquake. **ACCOUNT**
- We didn't take the plane, and therefore we didn't save time.
 If we had taken the plane, we would have saved time. **HAVE**
- I don't like it when John borrows my clothes without asking me first.
 I would rather John didn't borrow my clothes without asking me first. **RATHER**
- If you had heard the politician speak, you'd think he had won the election.
 The politician spoke as if he had won the election. **AS**
- It is impossible to drive from London to Brighton in one hour.
 In no way is it possible to drive from London to Brighton in one hour. **WAY**
- In order to make more friends, you will have to be more patient.
 Only by being more patient will you make more friends. **BEING**



READING

A. Read the advertisements about the fitness centres below and answer the questions 1-8. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d.

1. Open-air Gym

When it's sunny and warm outside, the inside of a gym can feel like a sweaty prison. Join us at Central Park and see for yourself how we can turn 'outdoor equipment' (like benches, stairs and hills) into modern exercise equipment. Besides the benefit of the fresh air, these classes are ideal for people trying to lose weight while gaining muscle tone, strength and endurance.

Mon 7pm, Wed 6:30pm, Sat 10am
\$20 per session, six-session card \$78
Sign up today, and don't pay the enrolment fee!
Student discounts available.

2. Hygeia Women's Centre

Our state-of-the-art facilities are specially designed to suit the needs of today's weight-conscious female. We offer weight loss programmes and 24-hour support, including consultations with nutritionists and dieticians for the perfect diet plan. We have a wide range of exercise classes that women will love, as well as 'Mommy and Me' aerobics for moms-to-be, and Lamaze classes on Thursdays.

Operating hours:
Sunday – Friday 8am - 10pm (hotline support 24/7)
No start-up fee, monthly fee of \$37
Enrol in our 'Dollar a Pound' programme; No monthly fee, pay just one dollar for every pound you lose!
Not sure if you want to join?
Ask about our free one-day passes!

3. Father and Son World

The first gym that fathers and sons can enjoy together! There are so many fun, family-related activities to do here, you'll never want to leave. We have an Olympic-sized pool with swimming lessons for all ages on the weekends. You can also relax in the sauna or the jacuzzi. Try one of our outstanding exercise classes. And don't forget our huge workout area with all the free weights and exercise machines you could ever need! Personal trainers available upon request.

Hours: Tuesday through Sunday 6am - 11pm
We have many special offers and fees for children under six.
There are also several payment plans available.
Unlimited use of the gym with a low monthly fee of \$49.99 for adults

4. Rob's Bodybuilding

This is the ideal gym for serious powerlifters, as well as professional bodybuilders who have competed on a national and international level. We even have the endorsement of a world famous bodybuilder Lou Dumagall! Our gym offers weightlifting, fitness classes, but we specialise in martial arts, and have a certified martial arts instructor from Japan. We have clubs with regular games for each season, and we also offer training for local school sports teams. Bring on your team today!

Open 24 hours a day, seven days a week!
(Closed on major holidays)
Enrolment fee of \$59
Current special is: no monthly fee,
just \$99 for 99 days
If you've never been a member before, you can have a one-week free pass to see if you want to join!

5. Clark County Gym

Fitness for everyone is the name of the game at Clark County Gym, and we're here to help you win! Try one of our exercise classes like cardio, spinning and pilates! We also offer relaxing spa treatments, massage and even reflexology with our certified physical therapy staff. If you want to get a nice summer glow in December, try out one of our new tanning beds. Our unique gym is all about being green and offers energy-saving tips, as well as organic refreshments!

Hours: Monday – Friday 5am - 11pm,
Saturday 6am - 12am, Sunday 6am - 1am
No enrolment fee with one-year contract!
Monthly fee: \$25, or one year for just \$250,
that's a savings of \$50!
Bonus: If you sign a one-year contract, you get a pass for a friend for a free month of gym use!

1. You are a college student and want to go to the gym before your first class of the morning, which begins at 7:30am. Which gyms will work for you?
 - a. 1, 2, 3
 - b. 2, 3, 4
 - c. 3, 4, 5
 - d. 1, 3, 5
2. You'd like to work out more, but you only have Monday evenings free. Which gym will not work?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
3. You'd like to buy your brother a gym membership for a year. He really likes eco-friendly and natural ways of living. Which gyms would he like the most?
 - a. 1, 5
 - b. 2, 5
 - c. 1, 4
 - d. 4, 5
4. Last month you broke your leg, and now you have trouble walking. Your doctor recommended working out and doing some physical therapy to regain your strength. Which gym is best for you?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
5. It's mid-winter and your friend wants to get a suntan. Which gym do you recommend?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
6. Your best friend wants to enrol in an exercise class with you. He's into karate, so it might be a good idea to try to find something that is related to this. Which gym might offer this?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
7. A friend of yours is having a baby in the fall. She'd like to stay in shape during her pregnancy and take some exercise classes which will accommodate pregnant women. Which gym offers these services?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
8. You work very late on Saturdays and Sundays, but you would like to stop at a gym and work out after you leave work at 11pm. Which gyms will still be open then?
 - a. 1, 5
 - b. 2, 4
 - c. 4, 5
 - d. 1, 3

WRITING

B. You have seen this advertisement and have decided to apply for the training course. Write your letter of application (120 – 180 words).

TRAIN TO BECOME A MOUNTAIN GUIDE

Do you love nature and wild animals?

Would you like to become more ecologically aware and learn how to respect mountains?

Applicants for the training course must:

- be physically fit enough to be on their feet all day
- enjoy being with other people in a group
- have leadership skills
- be over 18 years old

Send applications by 12th April to Sam Thompson, at Forest Hall National Park, 72 Farm Road, Brecon

C. You work for a fitness magazine. Your manager has asked you to write a report on the suitability of a fitness centre which you believe should be recommended in the next issue. Include the following information:

- location and available transport
- the staff and service in general
- facilities/activities provided

Write your report (120-180 words).

**Traveller 5
Workbook**

H.Q. Mitchell - Marileni Malkogianni

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