

موقع توعرب التعليمى

# <u>www.arabia2.com/vb</u>

| Kingdom of Saudi<br>Arabia                      | First Question Bank:                           | Subject                  | English         |
|---|--|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Ministry of Education<br>General Administration | First Term                                     | Stage                    | Intermediate    |
| of Education,<br>Jeddah Region                  | Year 1440-1441 H/ 2019-2020                    | Grade                    | 9 <sup>th</sup> |
| Al Bayan Model School                           | <b>Puterill äjljg</b><br>Ministry of Education | Term                     | 1 <sup>st</sup> |
| QUESTION BANK F                                 | Teacher  | T. Asra H.<br>T. Roa'a M |                 |

Question 1: (Multiple Choices): For the questions from (1) to (67), in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

|     | GRAMM  |                  |         |       |                           |        |                                    |          |                  |                            |
|-----|--|------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1.  | The <u>simple sub</u>  | <u>ject</u> in f | the fol | low   | ving se                   | nten   | ce is:                             | Use of   | the Internet i   | s very common.             |
|     | (A) Use  | (B)              | Use c   | of tł | ne Inter                  | met    |                                    | (C) c    | ommon            | (D) is very common         |
| 2.  | The <u>complete s</u>  | subject          | in the  | fol   | lowing                    | g sen  | tence                              | is: Use  | e of the Intern  | et is very common.         |
|     | (A) Use  | (B)              | Use     | oft   | he Inte                   | rnet   |                                    | (C) c    | common           | (D) is very common         |
| 3.  | The <u>simple predicate</u> in the following sentence is: Students can find tutorials on the World Wide Web.     |                  |         |       |                           |        | tutorials on the World             |          |                  |                            |
|     | (D) excellent<br>research  | (D) ex           | cellen  | it re | esearch                   |        | (D) ex                             | cellent  | research         | (D) excellent research     |
| 4.  | The complete predicate in the following sentence is:Finding information on the Internetseems difficult at first. |                  |         |       |                           |        | ormation on the Internet           |          |                  |                            |
|     | (D) finding information  | (D) fii          | nding   | infc  | ormatio                   | n      | (D) fir                            | nding ir | offrmation       | (D) finding<br>information |
| 5.  | The <u>simple sub</u><br>users find infor  |                  |         | llov  | wing se                   | enter  | nce is:                            | The p    | ourpose of a se  | arch engine is to help     |
|     | (A) purpose  |                  | (B) h   | nelp  | )                         | (C)    | ) users                            |          | (D) The purp     | ose of a search engine     |
| 6.  |  |                  |         | fol   | lowing                    | g sen  | tence                              | is: T    | he purpose of    | a search engine is to      |
|     | help users find  |                  | ation.  | (5)   |                           |        |                                    |          |                  |                            |
|     | (A) is to help us<br>find informa  |                  |         | (B    | ) information (C) purpose |        | (D) The purpose of a search engine |          |                  |                            |
| 7.  | The <u>simple sub</u>  | ject in t        | the fol | low   | ving se                   | nten   | ce is:                             | The us   | ser clicks on a  | ny Web site.               |
|     | (A) clicks on  | (B)              | user    |       |                           | (C)    | ) clic                             | ks on a  | ny Web site      | (D) Web site               |
| 8.  | The <u>complete</u> s  | <u>ubject</u> i  | n the   | foll  | lowing                    | sent   | tence i                            | s: T     | he user clicks   | on any Web site.           |
|     | (A) clicks on  | (B) ]            | The us  | er    | (C)                       | ) cl   | licks o                            | n any V  | Veb site         | (D) Web site               |
| 9.  | The <u>compound</u><br>fatty snacks too  |                  | the f   | ollo  | owing s                   | sente  | ence is                            | : There  | efore, you sho   | uld not eat or drink such  |
|     | (A) fatty snacks   | 5                |         |       | (B) ea                    | t, dri | ink                                | (C)      | Therefore        | (D) eat                    |
| 10. | The <u>compound</u><br>health effects of   |                  |         | ollo  | owing s                   | sente  | ence is                            | : In the | e future, stop a | and think about the        |
|     | (A) stop, think  |                  |         |       | (B) st                    | top    |                                    | (C) th   | nink             | (D) the health             |
|     |  |                  |         |       | 1                         | of 14  | Ļ                                  |          |                  |                            |

| 1.  | . <u>Classify</u> the following sentence by purpose: The Cherokee were forced from their h in the Southeast. |  |               |                |          | their homeland       |              |           |                  |
|-----|--|--|---------------|----------------|----------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|
|     | (A) Imperati   |  | (B) I         | Exclamatory    | (C       | ) Interrog           | gative       | (D) [     | Declarative      |
| 2.  | Classify the of Tears.   | following s  | entenc        | e by purpose   | : This f | forced m             | igration bec | ame kr    | nown as the Tra  |
|     | (A) Imperat  | ive  | (B) E         | Exclamatory    | (C) I    | nterrogat            | ive          | (D) D     | Declarative      |
| 3.  | Classify the   | following s  | entenc        | e by purpose   | : Look   | at this n            | nap.         |           |                  |
|     | (A) Imperat  | ive  | (B)           | Exclamatory    | (C)      | Interroga            | tive         | (D) De    | eclarative       |
| 4.  | Classify the   | following s  | entenc        | e by purpose   | : Many   | <sup>,</sup> migrate | ed west to w | hat is n  | ow Oklahoma.     |
|     | (A) Imperat  | ive  | (B)           | Exclamatory    | / (      | C) Inter             | rogative     | (D) De    | eclarative       |
| 5.  | Classify the   | following s  | entenc        | e by purpose   | : How    | many Cl              | ierokee esca | ped the   | e Trail of Tears |
|     | (A) Imperat  | ive  | (B)           | Exclamatory    |          | (C) Inter            | rrogative    | (D) I     | Declarative      |
| 6.  | Classify the   | following s  | entenc        | e by purpose   | : How    | tragic th            | e story is!  |           |                  |
|     | (A) Imperat  | ive  | (B)           | Exclamator     | y        | (C) Inte             | errogative   | (D) 1     | Declarative      |
| 7.  | The <u>approp</u>  | riate end m  | <u>ark</u> fo | r the followin | g sente  | ence is:             | Please look  | throug    | h this telescope |
|     | (A) .  | (B) ?  |               | (C)!           |          | (D),                 |              |           |                  |
| 8.  | The <u>approp</u>  | The <u>appropriate end mark</u> for the following sentence is: One of my hobbies is stargazing |               |                |          |                      |              |           |                  |
|     | (A) .  | (B) ?  |               | (C) !          |          | (D),                 |              |           |                  |
| 9.  | The <u>approp</u>  | riate end m  | <u>ark</u> fo | r the followin | g sente  | ence is:             | Look now     |           |                  |
|     | (A) .  |  | (B)           | ?              |          |                      | (C) !        |           | (D),             |
| 20. | The <u>approp</u>  | riate end m  | <u>ark</u> fo | r the followin | g sente  | ence is:             | What is the  | at star 1 | name             |
|     | (A) .  |  | (B)           | ?              |          |                      | (C) !        |           | (D),             |
|     | The appropriate end mark for the following sentence is:         How beautiful the sky                        |  |               |                |          | ence is:             | How beauti   | ful the   | sky looks tonig  |
| 21. |  |  | (B)           | <u></u>        |          |                      | (C) !        |           | (D),             |

| 22. | The <u>nouns</u> in the following sentence are: After this first lesson, the class learned about composition. |  |               |                         |                   |                           |       |
|-----|---|--|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------|
|     | (A) lesson, class,<br>composition   | (B) lesson, class  |               | (C) 1                   | earned            | (D) lesson                |       |
| 23. | The <u>nouns</u> in the follow  | ving sentence are: '   | s was a field | trip to the San Diego Z | Z00.              |                           |       |
|     |   | <ol> <li>class, field trip,<br/>an Diego Zoo</li> </ol>                          | (C)           | San I                   | Diego Zoo         | (D) trip                  |       |
| 24. | The <u>nouns</u> in the follow<br>that was looking in her   |  | Waiting       | patie                   | ntly, Dawn f      | inally caught koala be    | ar    |
|     | (A) Dawn (B   | ) koala bear (C  | C) patier     | ntly                    | (D) Dawn, l       | koala bear, direction     |       |
| 25. | The <u>compound noun</u> in<br>began working as child   |  | ence is:      | They                    | were born i       | n New York City and       |       |
|     | (A) were born (I  | B) New York City   | (             | C) as                   | children          | (D) New                   |       |
| 26. | The <u>compound noun</u> in show business.  | n the following sente  | ence is:      | Orig                    | inally, five o    | f the brothers were in    |       |
|     | (A) show business   | (B) Originally   |               | (C) 1                   | five              | (D) brothers              |       |
| 27. | The <u>compound nouns</u><br>sight gags and slapstic  | 0  | tence ar      | e: Ha                   | arpo never s      | poke, so he specialized   | in    |
|     | (A) Harpo   | (B) never spoke  | (C            |                         | it gags,<br>stick | (D) specialized           |       |
| 28. | The <u>common nouns</u> in  | he <u>common nouns</u> in the following sentence are: The fish in the tank are a |               |                         |                   |                           | lors. |
|     | (A) fish, tank, variety, colors   | (B) fish, tank   |               | (C) y                   | variety           | (D) variety, colors       |       |
| 29. | The <u>common nouns</u> in probably the funniest  | 0  | nce are:      | Of a                    | ll the people     | in my class, Amy is       |       |
|     | (A) people  | (B) Amy  |               | (C)                     | people, class     | (D) people, class, person |       |
| 30. | The <u>common nouns</u> in Thursday.  | the following sente  | nce are:      | The                     | first day tha     | it the doctor is availabl | le is |
|     | (A) day, doctor   | (B) is   |               | (C)                     | Thursday          | (D) available             |       |
|     |   |  |               |                         |                   |                           |       |
|     |   |  |               |                         |                   |                           |       |
|     |   | <b>3</b> of 2  | 11            |                         |                   |                           |       |

| 1.  | The <u>common nouns</u> in the following sentence are: The facial expressions of the actor cause a great deal of laughter.          |   |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | (A) caused  | (B) expressions, actor,<br>deal, laughter | (C) facial, great         | (D) of                    |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | The <u>common noun</u> in   | the following sentence is:                | Can Uncle Tim takes       | us to the beach?          |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) to  | (B) beach                                 | (C) takes                 | (D) Uncle Tim             |  |  |  |  |
| 33. | The <u>common nouns</u> in<br>Ferris state university   | the following sentence ar                 | e: My grandfather ta      | aught for many years      |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) Ferris state<br>university  | (B) at                                    | (C) grandfather,<br>years | (D) taught                |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | The <u>common nouns</u> in the library.   | the following sentence ar                 | e: Please take this co    | opy of the book back      |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) Please take   | (B) copy, book, library                   | (C) library               | (D) back                  |  |  |  |  |
| 35. | The common nouns in the following sentence are:         In the backyard of our house, I can still find old arrowheads occasionally. |   |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) backyard, house,<br>arrowheads  | (B) occasionally                          | (C) backyard,<br>house    | (D) can still             |  |  |  |  |
| 36. | The <u>common nouns</u> in  | the following sentence ar                 | e: The photography        | in that film is superb    |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) superb  | (B) photography, film                     | (C) photography           | (D) that                  |  |  |  |  |
| 37. | The <u>proper noun</u> in the following sentence is: Of all the people in my class, Amy is probably the funniest person.            |   |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) people  | (B) Amy                                   | (C) people, class         | (D) people, class, person |  |  |  |  |
| 38. | The <u>proper noun</u> in the following sentence is: The first day that the doctor is available is Thursday.                        |   |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) day, doctor   | (B) is                                    | (C) Thursday              | (D) available             |  |  |  |  |
| 39. | The proper noun in the following sentence is: Can Uncle Tim take us to the beach?   |   |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) to  | (B) beach                                 | (C) takes                 | (D) Uncle Tim             |  |  |  |  |
| 40. | The <u>proper noun</u> in th<br>Ferris State Universit  | ne following sentence is: 1<br>y.         | y grandfather taugh       | t for many years at       |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) Ferris State  | (B) at                                    | (C) grandfather,<br>years | (D) taught                |  |  |  |  |

| 11. | Identify the underlin   | ed noun: Please bring m                                      | e a box of pencils from t          | he <u>closet.</u>                  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | · (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 42. | Identify the underlin   | ed noun: <u>Time</u> moves sle                               | owly people caught in tr           | affic jam <u>.</u>                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 43. | Identify the underlin   | ed noun: Tito, do you b                                      | elieve his <u>story</u> is the tru | th?                                |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 44. | Identify the underlin   | ed noun: Professor is w                                      | riting a book about art <u>l</u>   | nistory.                           |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 45. | Identify the underlined noun:         My brother, the playwright, is working on the new play.     |  |                                    |                                    |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 46. | Identify the underlin<br>of seagulls.   | ed nouns: The <u>fleet</u> left t                            | the harbor under full ste          | am, followed by a <u>floo</u>      |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 47. | Identify the underlined noun: The <u>faculty</u> voted to change the requirements for graduation. |  |                                    |                                    |  |  |  |  |
|     | . (A) abstract noun   | (B) concrete noun  | (C) collective noun                | (D) uncountable nour               |  |  |  |  |
| 48. | Identify the part of s<br>gained <u>great</u> renown  | peech of the underlined w<br>in <u>European</u> cities.      | vords: Jenny Lind starre           | ed in <u>sever</u> al operas ar    |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) nouns   | (B) adjectives   | (C) pronoun                        | (D) adverb                         |  |  |  |  |
| 49. | • •   | peech of the underlined w<br>began planning <u>a concert</u> |                                    | <u>ited</u> diva gave up <u>an</u> |  |  |  |  |
|     | · (A) nouns   | (B) adjectives   | (C) pronoun                        | (D) adverb                         |  |  |  |  |
| 50. | Identify the underlin   | ed word: <u>These</u> stories a                              | are the best I've ever rea         | d.                                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun   | (B) demonstrative adjective                                  | (C) proper adjective               | (D) personal pronoun               |  |  |  |  |

| 51. | Identify the underlined  | word: <u>That</u> was the son   | g Rashid has been hu  | mming all afternoon <u>.</u>  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun  | (B) demonstrative adjective   | (C) proper adjective  | (D) personal pronoun  |  |  |  |
| 52. | Identify the underlined word: <u>These</u> are the funniest jokes I've ever heard <u>!</u>   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun  | (B) demonstrative adjective   | (C) proper adjective  | (D) personal pronoun  |  |  |  |
| 53. | Identify the underlined word: Akira Kurosawa, the <u>Japanese</u> filmmaker, directed many entertaining films.   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun  | (B) demonstrative adjective   | (C) proper adjective  | (D) personal pronoun  |  |  |  |
| 54. | Identify the underlined  | word: The French nove   | list Jules Verne predic   | cted such inventions as   |  |  |  |
|     | the submarine and the t  | elevision.  |   |   |  |  |  |
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun  | (B) demonstrative adjective   | (C) proper adjective  | (D) personal pronoun  |  |  |  |
| 55. | Identify the underlined  | word: Joseph will be ree  | cycling <u>those</u> tomorro  | w, so he put them in  |  |  |  |
|     | the garage.  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|     | (A) demonstrative pronoun  | (B) demonstrative adjective   | (C) proper adjective  | (D) personal pronoun  |  |  |  |
| 54. | entertaining films.<br>(A) demonstrative<br>pronoun<br>Identify the underlined<br>the submarine and the t<br>(A) demonstrative<br>pronoun<br>Identify the underlined<br>the garage.<br>(A) demonstrative | <ul> <li>(B) demonstrative adjective</li> <li>word: The French nove selevision.</li> <li>(B) demonstrative adjective</li> <li>word: Joseph will be reed</li> <li>(B) demonstrative</li> </ul> | (C) proper adjective<br>list Jules Verne predic<br>(C) proper adjective<br>cycling <u>those</u> tomorro | <ul> <li>(D) personal prono</li> <li>cted such invention</li> <li>(D) personal prono</li> <li>w, so he put them in</li> </ul> |  |  |  |

| 56. | Unscramble the words: n/n/o/c/a/y            |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | (A) canyon                                   | (B) yancon            | (C) cannoy   | (D) conyan   |  |  |  |  |
| 57. | r/l/ a/ c/ b/ m/e                            |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) blamcer                                  | (B) malcber           | (C) clamber  | (D) calmber  |  |  |  |  |
| 58. | m/u /l/ r/e/b                                |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) berlum                                   | (B) lumber            | (C) lubrem   | (D) lumreb   |  |  |  |  |
| 59. | Choose the words                             | with the correct spel | lings.       |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) humorouse                                | (B) humorous          | (C) homurus  | (D) humereus |  |  |  |  |
| 60. | Choose the words                             | with the correct spel | lings.       |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) research                                 | (B) risearch          | (C) recearch | (D) researsh |  |  |  |  |
| 61. | Choose the words                             | with the correct spel | lings.       |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) cowered                                  | (B) cowerred          | (C) coverred | (D) kowered  |  |  |  |  |
| 62. | Choose the words with the correct spellings. |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) stranger                                 | (B) strandger         | (C) stranjer | (D) strenger |  |  |  |  |
| 63. | Choose the words                             | with the correct spel | lings.       | L            |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) puzzlede                                 | (B) pazzlled          | (C) puzzled  | (D) puzzeld  |  |  |  |  |
| 64. | Fill in the missing                          | gletters: uter        | nce          |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) r, n                                     | (B) h, j              | (C) g, y     | (D) t, a     |  |  |  |  |
| 65. | rec_usi_e                                    |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) I, v                                     | (B) k, c              | (C)i, j      | (D) i, c     |  |  |  |  |
| 66. | crald  |                       |              | I            |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) I, v                                     | (B) w, e              | (C) I, j     | (D) a, t     |  |  |  |  |
| 67. | btte   |                       |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) k, d                                     | (B) k, m              | (C) o , l    | (D) i, c     |  |  |  |  |

#### Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY

From questions (1) to (22), in the answer sheet, for every question in

column (1) shade the appropriate circle from column (2).

| Column (1)                     | Column (2)   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1) mournful                    | (A) felt scared and hid                                  |
|                                |  |
| 2) insatiable                  | (B) climbs   |
| 3) clambers                    | (C) studies  |
| 4) cowered                     | (D) doesn't like to mix with others                      |
| 5) reclusive                   | (E) walks heavily  |
| 6) lumbers #                   | (F) unsatisfied  |
| 7) insatiable #                | (G) sad  |
| 8) Monkeys love to             | (H) satisfied  |
| 9) The sound of the boy crying | (I) keep away from others                                |
| 10) Most big animals<br>lumber | (J) careful  |
| 11) The child cowered          | (K) clamber trees.                                       |
| 12) The handicapped<br>child   | (L) when they move.                                      |
| 13) The athlete<br>clambered   | (M) became too reclusive.                                |
| 14) lumbers                    | (N) was very mournful.                                   |
| 15) canyon                     | (O) behind her mother on seeing the tiger<br>in the zoo. |
| 16) research                   | (P) on top of the wall.                                  |
| 17) puzzled                    | (Q) valley   |
| 18) bottle                     | (R) remark   |
| 19) humorous                   | (S) outsider   |
| 20) stranger                   | (T) confused   |
| 21) utterance                  | (U) container  |
| 22) crawled                    | (W) study, examine                                       |
|                                | (X) funny  |
|                                | (Y) moved slowly   |
|                                | (Z) walks fast   |
|                                | 8 of 14  |

### <u>Question 3: (True or False)Comprehension:</u>

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below. From Questions (1) to (4), shade in the answer sheet the letter  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is True or  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is False, for every question.

#### <u>First Time on an Airplane</u>

Story By: Andrew Frinkle

Amanda got on the plane. It was like being on a school bus, but the engines were louder. She found her seat number and buckled in. Dad helped her with her bag, which had to go in the cabinets above her. Fifteen minutes later, the airplane began to roll backward. The lady in the front of the airplane explained how to use their seatbelts and swim in case the airplane landed in water. That made her a little nervous, but her mom just patted her head and said, "Don't worry." When the plane took off, it was like being on a rollercoaster. She felt her stomach drop and she was pushed back into her chair. It only took a few minutes before the feeling went away. Then they were flying straight on to their destination. There were movies, snacks, and naps on the way. Afterward, she yawned and walked out in a new airport, where she got to get her bags back finally. Her teddy bear was still inside. She wondered if he'd enjoyed the ride!

| 1. On the plane, Amanda felt like being on a school bus.     | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2. Snacks were still inside her bags.                        | т | F |
| 3. There were movies, snacks, and naps on the way.           | Т | F |
| 4. Grandpa and Grandma were waiting outside to pick them up. | Т | F |

#### **First Time on an Airplane**

Story By: Andrew Frinkle

It was Amanda's first time on the airplane. She was nervous. Everyone said it was really safe, but it still seemed scary and also exciting. In the airport, Amanda went to the counter with her parents to get her ticket first. A nice lady in a uniform took her bag and weighed it. Then they went through the security check. It was supposed to be like an x-ray at the doctor's office. Her bag had to get checked, also. Men that looked like policemen smiled at her as she walked through the machine. Then she got to get her stuff back. After that, they had a long walk down a hall to find their gate. It seemed more like a door than a gate, though. Everywhere there were more gates and people waiting for their turns to ride their planes. She found her gate, but she couldn't sit down to wait. She wanted to look out the window. Wow! How could such a big airplane fly? Her plane looked like it had 50 windows on each side. Its wings were so large, that she could have run around and played on them. The front of the airplane where the pilot sat looked like a neat place, too. Finally, they called for her rows to start boarding. Another lady smiled at her as she walked down a narrow hallway.

From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter  $\widehat{T}$  if the statement is True or  $\widehat{E}$  if the statement is False, for every question.

| 1. Amanda's parents were going on the plane for the first time.            | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2. Security check was supposed to be like an x-ray at the doctor's office. | т | F |
| 3. Amanda went to the counter with her parents to get her ticket first.    | Т | F |
| 4. Her plane looked like it had no windows on each side.                   | Т | F |

The first six months that Buffy lived with us, I rocked him to sleep every night. I spent hours feeding him, playing with him, observing him. At first, every utterance and gesture confused me. Because Buffy's muscle structure and coordination resembled that of a human, his play was very humanlike. Emotionally the puzzle was much more complex. One moment he would stand and shake his head playfully at a neighbor's Angus bull. The next moment he was scared and hid behind me at the sight of a small bum lamb.

Originally Buffy nursed from a bottle. When I tried to wean him, he refused to switch over to solid foods. Melanie solved the problem by substituting water. Buffy took one suck and angrily threw the bottle across the pen. Then he ran to retrieve it and sucked hopefully. A second time he flung it. By that night, he had abandoned his beloved bottle. .. Our friendship with Buffy grew painfully slowly.

## From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\bigcirc$ if the statement is True or $\bigcirc$ if the statement is False, for every question.

#### **Referring to Paragraph 1:**

| 1) Buffy was happy to switch over to solid foods.  | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2) Our friendship with Buffy grew very fast.   | Т | F |
| 3) The author treated Buffy as a pet.  | Т | F |
| <ul><li>4) In the sentence: "when I tried to wean him, he refused"<br/>The pronoun "I" refers to the author.</li></ul> | Т | F |
| <ul><li>5) In the sentence: "A second time he flung it." The pronoun "it" refers to the bear.</li></ul>                | Т | F |

The twenty-pound, sixteen-week old rascal who joined our family caught us unprepared. The first night, I lay in bed listening to his haunting cry, a lost, mournful little sound. I crept out and sat near him in his den. After a few minutes he crawled on my lap and sucked the pads on his front feet, voicing his fear with a high pitched clucking sound. I began to hum and rock him. When he finally fell asleep, I tucked him into the straw.

The first six months that Buffy lived with us, I rocked him to sleep every night. I spent hours feeding him, playing with him, observing him. At first, every utterance and gesture puzzled me. Because Buffy's muscle structure and coordination resembled that of a human, his play was very humanlike. Emotionally the puzzle was much more complex. One moment he would stand and shake his head playfully at a neighbor's Angus bull. The next moment he cowered behind me at the sight of a small bum lamb.

Originally Buffy nursed from a bottle. When I tried to wean him, he refused to switch over to solid foods. Melanie solved the problem by substituting water. Buffy took one suck and angrily threw the bottle across the pen. Then he ran to retrieve it and sucked hopefully. A second time he flung it. By that night he had abandoned his beloved bottle. . . . Our friendship with Buffy grew painfully slowly. His distrust made him reclusive. I realized that friendship depended on us somehow joining him in his world. That opportunity came all too soon.

From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is True or  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is False, for every question.

| 1) The baby bear was sixteen-week old.                                 | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2) The author fed him for a year.                                      | Т | F |
| 3) Originally, Buffy nursed from a bottle.                             | Т | F |
| 4) The word 'mournful' means sad.                                      | T | F |
| 5) The opposite of angrily is painfully.                               | т | F |
| 6) When I tried to wean him, he refused to switch over to solid foods. | T | F |
| 7) Melanie solved the problem by substituting solid foods.             | Т | F |

#### **Referring to Paragraph 2:**

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#### **Question 4: (Composition)**

#### 1. Writing a Personal Narrative:

Write a personal narrative of the most valuable experience you had in your life.

|   | <u>Box:</u> |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| dear, sips, eats, fur, white, kitten, walks |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| ·   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
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|   |             |  |  |  |  |  |

# THE END

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| Kingdom of Saudi<br>Arabia                      | Second Question Bank:               | Subject             | English           |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Ministry of Education<br>General Administration | <b>First Term</b>                   | Stage               | Intermediate      |
| of Education,<br>Jeddah Region                  | Year 1440-1441 H/ 2019-2020         | Grade               | 9 <sup>th</sup>   |
| Al Bayan Model School                           | من التعليم<br>Ministry of Education | Term                | $1^{\mathrm{st}}$ |
| QUESTION BANK F                                 | Teacher                             | T. Asra<br>T. Roa'a |                   |

<u>Question 1: (Multiple Choices):</u> For the questions from <u>(1) to (65)</u>, in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

|     | GRAMMAR   |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|-----|---|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|--|--|
| 1.  | Find the verb: A lady threw bread to the ducks.   |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) lady  | (B) threw           |           | (C) bread           |             | (D) ducks |                  |  |  |
| 2.  | Find the verb: Several birds flew by.   |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) Several   | (B) birds           |           | (C) flew            |             | (D)       | by               |  |  |
| 3.  | Find the verb: The s  |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) sky   | (B) was             |           | (C) brigh           | nt          | (D) b     | olue             |  |  |
| 4.  | Find the verb: We s   | saw a beautiful sea | a gull.   |                     |             | 1         |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) beautiful   | (B) saw             |           | (C) we              |             | (D) s     | ea gull          |  |  |
| 5.  | Find helping verb and main verb: Other Mexican families had also immigrated to the United States. |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) also immigrated   | (B) had             | (C) imm   | nigrated            | (D) had in  | nmigra    | ated             |  |  |
| 6.  | Find helping verb and main verb: Many of them had come to the United States for                   |                     |           |                     |             |           | d States for     |  |  |
|     | economic reasons.   |                     |           |                     |             |           |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) come  | (B) had come        |           | (C) them            | had come    | (D)       | United States    |  |  |
| 7.  | Find helping verb a   | nd main verb: In    | what yea  | r did Gal           | arza publis | sh his    | first book?      |  |  |
|     | (A) did publish   | (B) publish         |           | (C) did             |             | (D)       | book             |  |  |
| 8.  | Find helping verb and   | d main verb: Man    | y people  | have bee            | n enjoying  | his wo    | orks for years.  |  |  |
|     | (A) been enjoying   | (B) enjoying        |           | (C) hav<br>enjoying | ve been     | (D)       | people have been |  |  |
| 9.  | Find helping verb a   | nd main verb: It is | s transla | ted as "Co          | opy from a  | n Old     | Master."         |  |  |
|     | (A) translated  | (B) is translated   |           | (C) trans           | slated as   | (D) 1     | translate        |  |  |
| 10. | Find the action verb:   | Steve recognized    | the new   | book in tl          | ne library. | 1         |                  |  |  |
|     | (A) Steve   | (B) recognized      |           | (C) new             | book        | (D)       | library          |  |  |
|     |   |                     |           |                     |             | 1         |                  |  |  |

| Find the action verb: A runner from Nigeria won the marathon this weekend.                                  |   |  |  |   |  | d.   |  |   |  |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| (A) runner  |   | (B) won  |  | (0  | C) ma  | rathon   | (D) v  | weekend   |  |
| Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows the answer to the question.                                 |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| (A) Neither   | (   | (B) boys   |  | (C)   | know   | /8   | (D) ¢  | uestion   |  |
| Find the action verb: The secretary took her lunch to work.   |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| (A) took  |   | (B) secretary  | у  | (C)   | to w   | ork  | (D) lur  | nch   |  |
| Find the linking  | g verb: E   | Beryl Markha   | m was  | a fai   | nous   | pilot.   |  |   |  |
| (A) Beryl   |   | (B) was  |  |   | (C) 1  | famous   | (D) pi   | lot   |  |
| Find the linking verb: Her accomplishments seem remarkable to many people.                                  |   |  |  |   | ple.   |  |  |   |  |
| (A) seem  |   | (B) accompl  | (B) accomplishments (C)  |   | (C)  | remarkable (D) people  |  | people  |  |
| Find the adverb: Most people never experience the harsh environment of the tundra.                          |   |  |  |   |  | ne tundra.   |  |   |  |
| (A) people  |   | (B) never (C   |  | (C)   | ) experience (D) tundra  |  | tundra   |   |  |
| Find the advert   | : They  | float magicall   | ly amo   | ng th   | e clo  | ouds.  |  |   |  |
| (A) magically   | (B) floa  | at   | (C) a  | mong  | 5  | (D) clouds   |  |   |  |
| Identify the correct part of speech: They went either <u>around</u> the fallen rocks or <u>betweer</u> them |   |  |  |   |  | s or <u>between</u>  |  |   |  |
| (A) preposition   | (B) inte  | erjections   | (C) n  | oun   |  | (D) adjectives   |  |   |  |
| Identify the cor  | rect part   | of speech: Bo  | oulder   | s had   | l falle  | en <u>on </u> the trail <u>f</u>   | rom a c  | liff.   |  |
| (A) interjections   |   | (B) prepositi  | 3) preposition   |   | (C) adjectives   |  |  | (D) nouns   |  |
| Identify the uno  | lerlined ]  | phrase: This f   | film ta  | kes p   | lace   | during the Dep   | ression.   |   |  |
| (A) adjectival ph   | rase  | (B) prepositi  | onal pl  | ırase   |  | (C) adverbial p  | (C) adverbial phrase (D)   |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>(A) runner</li> <li>Find the action</li> <li>(A) Neither</li> <li>Find the action</li> <li>(A) took</li> <li>Find the linking</li> <li>(A) Beryl</li> <li>Find the linking</li> <li>(A) seem</li> <li>Find the adverted</li> <li>(A) people</li> <li>Find the adverted</li> <li>(A) magically</li> <li>Identify the correct them.</li> <li>(A) preposition</li> <li>Identify the correct them.</li> <li>(A) interjections</li> <li>Identify the uncorrect</li> </ul> | (A) runner         Find the action verb: Net         (A) Neither       (A)         Find the action verb: The         (A) took         Find the linking verb: H         (A) Beryl         Find the linking verb: H         (A) seem         Find the adverb: Most         (A) people         Find the adverb: They         (A) magically       (B) float         Identify the correct part         (A) preposition       (B) inte         (A) interjections | (A) runner       (B) won         Find the action verb: Neither of the b         (A) Neither       (B) boys         Find the action verb: The secretary t         (A) took       (B) secretary         (A) beryl       (B) was         Find the linking verb: Her accomplise         (A) seem       (B) accomp         (A) seem       (B) accomp         (A) seem       (B) never         Find the adverb: Most people never         (A) people       (B) never         Find the adverb: They float magically         (A) magically       (B) float         Identify the correct part of speech: Them.         (A) preposition       (B) interjections         Identify the correct part of speech: Beech: | (A) runner       (B) won         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys kn         (A) Neither       (B) boys         Find the action verb: The secretary took he         (A) took       (B) secretary         Find the action verb: The secretary took he         (A) took       (B) secretary         Find the action verb: Beryl Markham was         (A) beryl       (B) was         Find the linking verb: Her accomplishment         (A) seem       (B) accomplishment         (A) seem       (B) accomplishment         (A) seem       (B) never         Find the adverb: Most people never experime         (A) people       (B) never         Find the adverb: They float magically amo         (A) magically       (B) float       (C) a         Identify the correct part of speech: They we them.       (C) n         (A) preposition       (B) interjections       (C) n         Identify the correct part of speech: Boulders       (A) interjections       (B) preposition         (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (D) preposition | (A) runner       (B) won       (C)         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows for the action verb: Neither of the boys knows for the action verb: The secretary took her       (C)         (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C)         Find the action verb: The secretary took her       (C)         Find the action verb: The secretary took her       (C)         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C)         Find the linking verb: Beryl Markham was a far       (A)         (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C)         Find the linking verb: Her accomplishments see       (A) seem       (B) accomplishments         (A) seem       (B) accomplishments       (A) seem         (A) people       (B) never       (A) people       (B) never         Find the adverb: Most people never experience       (A) magically       (B) float       (C) among         (A) magically       (B) float       (C) among       (A) magically       (B) float       (C) noun         Identify the correct part of speech: They went eit       (A) preposition       (B) preposition       (C) noun         Identify the correct part of speech: Boulders had       (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (C) noun         Identify the underlined phrase: This film takes p       (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (C) | (A) runner       (B) won       (C) ma         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows the a       (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) know         (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) know       Find the action verb: The secretary took her lunch t         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to w         Find the action verb:       The secretary took her lunch t         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to w         Find the linking verb:       Beryl Markham was a famous         (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C) f         Find the linking verb:       Her accomplishments seem reference         (A) seem       (B) accomplishments       (C)         Find the adverb:       Most people never experience the f         (A) people       (B) never       (C)         Find the adverb:       They float magically among the cload (A) magically       (B) float         (A) magically       (B) float       (C) noun       Identify the correct part of speech:       They went either fittem.         (A) interjections       (B) interjections       (C) noun       Identify the correct part of speech:       Boulders had falled (A) interjections         (A) interjections       (B) preposition       Identify the underlined phrase:       This film takes place | (A) runner       (B) won       (C) marathon         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows the answer to the qu         (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) knows         Find the action verb: The secretary took her lunch to work.         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to work         Find the action verb: Beryl Markham was a famous pilot.         (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C) famous         Find the linking verb: Beryl Markham was a famous pilot.         (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C) famous         Find the linking verb: Her accomplishments seem remarkable to m         (A) seem       (B) accomplishments       (C) remarkable         Find the adverb: Most people never experience the harsh environm       (A) people       (B) never       (C) experience         Find the adverb: They float magically among the clouds.       (A) magically       (B) float       (C) among       (D) clouds         Identify the correct part of speech: They went either around the fallet them.       (A) preposition       (B) interjections       (C) noun       (D) adjectives         Identify the correct part of speech: Boulders had fallen on the trail f       (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (C) adjectives         Identify the underlined phrase: This film takes place during the Dep       (D) adjectives       (D) adjectives <td>(A) runner       (B) won       (C) marathon       (D) vol         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows the answer to the question.       (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) knows       (D) of         (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) knows       (D) of         Find the action verb: The secretary took her lunch to work.       (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to work       (D) hur         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to work       (D) hur         Find the linking verb: Beryl Markham was a famous pilot.       (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C) famous       (D) pi         Find the linking verb: Her accomplishments seem remarkable to many peo       (A) seem       (B) accomplishments       (C) remarkable       (D)         Find the adverb: Most people never experience       the harsh environment of the (A) people       (B) never       (C) experience       (D)         Find the adverb: They float magically among the clouds.       (A) magically       (B) float       (C) among       (D) clouds         Identify the correct part of speech: They went either around the fallen rocks them.       (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (D) adjectives         Identify the correct part of speech: Boulders had fallen on the trail from a cloud (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (C) adjectives         Identify the underlined phrase: This fil</td> | (A) runner       (B) won       (C) marathon       (D) vol         Find the action verb: Neither of the boys knows the answer to the question.       (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) knows       (D) of         (A) Neither       (B) boys       (C) knows       (D) of         Find the action verb: The secretary took her lunch to work.       (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to work       (D) hur         (A) took       (B) secretary       (C) to work       (D) hur         Find the linking verb: Beryl Markham was a famous pilot.       (A) Beryl       (B) was       (C) famous       (D) pi         Find the linking verb: Her accomplishments seem remarkable to many peo       (A) seem       (B) accomplishments       (C) remarkable       (D)         Find the adverb: Most people never experience       the harsh environment of the (A) people       (B) never       (C) experience       (D)         Find the adverb: They float magically among the clouds.       (A) magically       (B) float       (C) among       (D) clouds         Identify the correct part of speech: They went either around the fallen rocks them.       (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (D) adjectives         Identify the correct part of speech: Boulders had fallen on the trail from a cloud (A) interjections       (B) preposition       (C) adjectives         Identify the underlined phrase: This fil |  |

| adjectival phrase<br>adjectival phrase<br>atify the underline<br>atify the underline | <ul> <li>(B) preposition phrase</li> <li>ed phrase: Is San</li> <li>(B) preposition phrase</li> <li>ed words: They to the phrase</li> <li>ed words: She with the sentence:</li> <li>(B) conjunctions</li> <li>t in the sentence:</li> <li>(B) secret</li> </ul> | ta Monic<br>nal<br>ook vacat<br>(C)<br>ill <u>neithe</u><br>(C) adv<br>hat beau                                    | ca near f         (C) a         tions no         adverbs         r take a         /erbs         tiful flo         (C) ad                          | dverbial phra<br>ot only in Ju<br>(D)<br>cab <u>nor</u> rid<br>(D) verbs<br>wers those a                               | ase (D) noun ph<br>ly, <u>but also</u> in De<br>verbs   | ırase  |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| adjectival phrase<br>adjectival phrase<br>atify the underline<br>atify the underline | (B) preposition<br>phrase<br>ed words: They to<br>(B) conjunctions<br>ed words: She with<br>(B) conjunctions<br>ed words: Oh! W<br>(B) conjunctions<br>t in the sentence:   | nal<br><b>bok vacat</b><br>(C)<br>ill <u>neither</u><br>(C) adv<br>hat beau  | (C) at<br>tions <u>no</u><br>adverbs<br><u>r</u> take a<br>/erbs<br>tiful flo<br>(C) ad   | dverbial phra<br>ot only in Ju<br>(D)<br>cab <u>nor</u> rid<br>(D) verbs<br>wers those a                               | ly, <u>but also</u> in De<br>verbs<br>le the bus.   |  |  |  |
| atify the underline         interjections         atify the underline         interjections         (atify the underline         interjections         (atify the underline         interjections         I the direct object         Kim and me   | phrase         ed words: They to         (B) conjunctions         ed words: She with         (B) conjunctions         ed words: Oh! W         (B) conjunctions         tin the sentence:  | ook vacat<br>(C)<br>ill <u>neithe</u><br>(C) adv<br>hat beau   | tions <u>no</u><br>adverbs<br><u>r</u> take a<br>/erbs<br>tiful flo<br>(C) ad   | t only in Ju<br>(D)<br>cab <u>nor</u> rid<br>(D) verbs   | ly, <u>but also</u> in De<br>verbs<br>le the bus.   |  |  |  |
| interjections<br>atify the underline<br>interjections (<br>atify the underline<br>interjections<br>I the direct object<br>Kim and me   | <ul> <li>(B) conjunctions</li> <li>ed words: She with the sentence:</li> </ul>  | (C)<br>ill <u>neither</u><br>(C) adv<br>hat beau   | adverbs<br><u>r</u> take a<br>/erbs<br>tiful flo<br>(C) ad  | (D) cab <u>nor</u> rid<br>(D) verbs  | verbs<br>e the bus.<br>are!   | ecember.   |  |  |
| atify the underline         interjections       (         atify the underline         interjections         I the direct object         Kim and me   | ed words: She with (B) conjunctions<br>ed words: <u>Oh!</u> W<br>(B) conjunctions<br>t in the sentence:   | ill <u>neithe</u><br>(C) adv<br>hat beau   | <u>r</u> take a<br>/erbs<br>tiful flo<br>(C) ad   | (D) verbs  | e the bus.<br>are!  |  |  |  |
| interjections (<br><b>atify the underline</b><br>interjections<br><b>I the direct object</b><br>Kim and me   | <ul> <li>(B) conjunctions</li> <li>ed words: <u>Oh!</u> W</li> <li>(B) conjunctions</li> <li>t in the sentence:</li> </ul>  | (C) adv<br>hat beau  | verbs<br>tiful flo<br>(C) ad  | (D) verbs  | are!  |  |  |  |
| tify the underline<br>interjections<br>I the direct object<br>Kim and me   | ed words: <u>Oh!</u> W<br>(B) conjunctions<br>t in the sentence:  | hat beau   | tiful flo<br>(C) ad   | wers those a   |   |  |  |  |
| I the direct object  | (B) conjunctions t in the sentence:   |  | (C) ad  |  |   |  |  |  |
| I the direct object  | t in the sentence:  | Maria to   | <u>`</u>  | lverbs   | (D) verbs   |  |  |  |
| Kim and me   |   | Maria to   | 11 77 •   |  | (D) verbs   |  |  |  |
|  | (B) secret  |  | 26. Find the direct object in the sentence: Maria told Kim and me a secret.   |  |   |  |  |  |
| l the direct object  |   |  | (C) 1   | told   | (D) Maria   |  |  |  |
|  | Find the direct object in the sentence: Pass me the ball!   |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |
| Pass   | (B) me  | (  | (C) ball  | l  | (D) Pass me   |  |  |  |
| Find the indirect object in the sentence: After dinner last night, Dad told us a hilarious stor  |   |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |
| dinner   | (B) story   |  | (C) 1   | night  | (D) us  |  |  |  |
| l the direct object  | t in the sentence:  | The exp  | plorers f   | found the va   | aluable treasure  | in a cave  |  |  |
| valuable   | (B) treasure  |  | (C)   | explorers  | (D) cave  |  |  |  |
| l the indirect obje  | ect in the sentence   | : Offer  | our gue   | est some sou   | ıp, Cedric.   |  |  |  |
| soup   | (B) guest   |  | (C) (   | offer  | (D) Cedric  |  |  |  |
| 1  | the direct object<br>valuable<br>the indirect obj   | the direct object in the sentence:         valuable       (B) treasure         the indirect object in the sentence | the direct object in the sentence:       The explore         valuable       (B) treasure         the indirect object in the sentence:       Offer | the direct object in the sentence:The explorersvaluable(B) treasure(C)the indirect object in the sentence:Offer our gu | the direct object in the sentence:       The explorers found the valuable         (B)       treasure       (C)       explorers         the indirect object in the sentence:       Offer our guest some source | the direct object in the sentence:The explorers found the valuable treasurevaluable(B) treasure(C) explorers(D) cavethe indirect object in the sentence:Offer our guest some soup, Cedric. |  |  |

| Find the indirect object in the sentence: The newspaper article gave Cody an idea for a story.      |                            |                                 |                                 |                        |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|   | (A) idea                   | (B) Cody                        | (C) newspaper                   | (D) article            |  |  |  |  |
| Identify the underlined word: . Just in case, the purser issued every passenger a <u>life vest.</u> |                            |                                 |                                 |                        |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) direct object          | (B) indirect object             | (C) preposition                 | (D) adverb             |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: . Ms. Wong wr         | ote the <u>store</u> a check fe | or the groceries.      |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) direct object          | (B) indirect object             | (C) preposition                 | (D) adverb             |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: Carl proposed         | a <u>title</u> for the film.    |                        |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) direct object          | (B) indirect object             | (C) preposition                 | (D) adverb             |  |  |  |  |
| Identify the underlined word:         Joyce certainly seemed busy this afternoon.                   |                            |                                 |                                 |                        |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) linking verb           | (B) subject complement          | (C) object<br>complement        | (D) action verb        |  |  |  |  |
| Identify the underlined word: The tall man at the back of the photograph is my grandfather.         |                            |                                 |                                 |                        |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) linking verb           | (B) subject complement          | (C) object<br>complement        | (D) action verb        |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: The cat seems         | friendly.                       |                        |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) linking verb           | (B) subject complement          | (C) object<br>complement        | (D) action verb        |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: Jake <u>is</u> the wi | nner of this week's pri         | ze.                    |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) linking verb           | (B) subject complement          | (C) object<br>complement        | (D) action verb        |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: Dr. Max appe          | ears <u>happy about the</u> r   | esults of his experim  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) linking verb           | (B) subject<br>complement       | (C) object<br>complement        | (D) action verb        |  |  |  |  |
|   | Identify the underlin      | ned word: Ms. Juarez is         | 1                               | riter.                 |  |  |  |  |
|   | (A) predicate<br>adjective | (B) predicate<br>nominative     | (C) object of preposition       | (D) subject complement |  |  |  |  |

| 41. Identify the underlined word: The man's children seem pleased with their new <u>pet</u> . |  |                             |                                |                                    |  |  |  |
|---|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|   | (A) predicate adjective  | (B) predicate<br>nominative | (C) object of preposition      | (D) subject<br>complement          |  |  |  |
| 42.   | Identify the underlined  | word: Does the wate         | er in the swimming poo         | ol feel <u>too cold</u> to you?    |  |  |  |
|   | (A) predicate adjective  | (B) predicate<br>nominative | (C) object of preposition      | (D) subject<br>complement          |  |  |  |
| 43.   | Identify the underlined  | word: The action in         | n this movie may be <u>too</u> | <u>o violent</u> for some viewers. |  |  |  |
|   | (A) predicate adjective  | (B) predicate<br>nominative | (C) object of preposition      | (D) subject<br>complement          |  |  |  |
| 44.   | Identify the underlined  | word: The photogra          | pher seemed <u>quite plea</u>  | ased with his pictures.            |  |  |  |
|   | (A) predicate adjective  | (B) predicate<br>nominative | (C) object of preposition      | (D) subject<br>complement          |  |  |  |
| 45.   | Identify the underlined  | word: My mother is          | a skilled <u>designer.</u>     |                                    |  |  |  |
|   | (A) predicate adjective  | (B) predicate nominative    | (C) object of preposition      | (D) subject<br>complement          |  |  |  |
| 46.   | Find the interjection in   | the sentence: Excelle       | nt! Let's go right away        | · · ·                              |  |  |  |
|   | (A) Excellent  | (B) Let's                   | (C) go                         | (D) right away                     |  |  |  |
| 47.   | Find the interjection in the sentence: Ah, now I understand what to do.  |                             |                                |                                    |  |  |  |
|   | (A) now  | (B) Ah                      | (C) understand                 | (D) what                           |  |  |  |
| 48.   | Find the interjection in the sentence: Ouch! Another mosquito bit me.  |                             |                                |                                    |  |  |  |
|   | (A) mosquito   | (B) Ouch                    | (C) Another                    | (D) bit                            |  |  |  |
| 49.   | Find the conjunctions in the sentence: Both the team captain and the coach thought that competition went well. |                             |                                |                                    |  |  |  |
|   | (A) both, and  | (B) both                    | (C) and                        | (D) thought                        |  |  |  |
| 50.   | Find the conjunctions in take a break.   | n the sentence: The te      | am couldn't decide wh          | ether to practice more or          |  |  |  |
|   | (A) or   | (B) whether, or             | (C) whether                    | (D) practice                       |  |  |  |
| 51.   | Find the conjunctions in<br>or these habitats will be  |                             | people take steps to sa        | we the rain forests now,           |  |  |  |
|   | (A) either   | (B) either, or              | (C) or                         | (D) rain forests                   |  |  |  |
| 52.   | Find the verb that conn  | ects the sentence: Be       | ryl Markham was a fai          | nous pilot.                        |  |  |  |
|   | (A) famous   | (B) a famous                | (C) was                        | (D) pilot                          |  |  |  |
|   |  |                             |                                |                                    |  |  |  |

| 3.  | Find the verb that connects the sentence: Markham became the first woman to fly nons from England to America. |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
|     | (A) the first   | (B) became                    | (C) woman           | (D) nonstop     |  |  |  |  |
| 54. | Identify the underlin   | ed word: My watch <u>stop</u> | <u>ped</u> at 8:22. |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) transitive verb   | (B) intransitive verb         | (C) noun            | (D) preposition |  |  |  |  |
| 55. | Identify the underlined word: The family gave its fair <u>share</u> to the charity.                           |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) transitive verb   | (B) intransitive verb         | (C) noun            | (D) preposition |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | SPELLIN   | IG                            |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
| 56. | Unscramble the w  | ords: l/n/e/n/i               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) linen   | (B) nilen                     | (C) lnien           | (D) nlien       |  |  |  |  |
| 57. | s/i/a/u/t/l/r   |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) rituals   | (B) lirtuas                   | (C) siautlr         | (D) surliau     |  |  |  |  |
| 58. | c/b/a/e/h/m/r   |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) chamber   | (B) cbaehmr                   | (C) chmbare         | (D) chmaber     |  |  |  |  |
| 59. | Choose the words with the correct spellings.  |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) barials   | (B) burials                   | (C) buriyls         | (D) puriels     |  |  |  |  |
| 60. | Choose the words with the correct spellings.  |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) priests   | (B) prests                    | (c) periests        | (D)preests      |  |  |  |  |
| 61. | Choose the words with the correct spellings.  |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) ceremony  | (B) cirmansy                  | (C) cirkmany        | (D) serimony    |  |  |  |  |
| 62. | Choose the words with the correct spellings.  |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) peresirv  | (B) presave                   | (C) preserve        | (D) precerve    |  |  |  |  |
| 63. | Choose the words  | with the correct spel         | lings.              |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) ansient   | (B) ansciet                   | (C) ancient         | (D) anhient     |  |  |  |  |
| 64. | Fill in the missing   | letters: a_at_my              |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) m , o   | (B) n, e                      | (C) n , o           | (D) n, u        |  |  |  |  |
| 65. | rec_gni_able  |                               |                     |                 |  |  |  |  |
|     | (A) <b>0</b> , <b>s</b>   | (B) a, z                      | (C) u, s            | (D) 0, z        |  |  |  |  |

#### Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY

From questions (1) to (21), in the answer sheet, for every question in column (1) shade the appropriate circle from column (2).

| Column (1)  | Column (2)  |
|---|---|
| 1) preoccupied  | (A) cutting up a body                                 |
| 2) disfigure  | <b>B</b> disfigured by burns.                         |
| 3) recognizable   | © completely possessed                                |
| 4) embalming  | <b>(D)</b> thoroughly worked out                      |
| 5) anatomy  | © very old  |
| 6) elaborate  | (F) methods of placing the dead body in oil           |
| 7) linen  | © to destroy the form of                              |
| 8) funeral  | (H) religious head                                    |
| 9) rituals  | (1) funeral   |
| 10) chamber   | <b>(J)</b> anatomy of the human body.                 |
| 11) ancient   | <b>(K)</b> a type of cloth material                   |
| 12) preserve  | (L) burial service                                    |
| 13) priests   | M with his job.                                       |
| 14) ceremony  | <b>(N)</b> hall, assembly room                        |
| 15) burial  | <b>(a)</b> able to be known from a previous encounter |
| 16) The teacher elaborated                              | (P) protect   |
| 17) The Egyptians preserve<br>the dead bodies           | <b>@</b> customs                                      |
| 18) Doctors study about                                 | ® rite, ritual  |
| 19) She was horribly                                    | (S) by embalming them.                                |
| 20) Her attempts to improve<br>her language skills were | (T) recognizable from the test results.               |
| 21)My father is preoccupied                             | (U) the lesson for the students.                      |

## <u>Question 3: (True or False)</u> Comprehension:

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

From Questions (1) to (20), shade in the answer sheet the letter  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is True or  $\bigcirc$  if the statement is False, for every question.

#### 1. Making Juice Story By: Andrew Frinkle

Billy always loved blueberries. They were his favorite fruit. Today he was going make blueberry juice with his uncle. They used a potato masher and really crushed the blueberries into a mess. <u>It</u> looked like pie filling to Billy. Then they got to push them through a strainer. The strainer caught most of the seeds and skins, leaving them with a small pot of dark purple juice. When they tasted it, the flavor was so strong! They could really taste the blueberries. It wasn't very sweet though. They added grape juice to the blueberry juice. Billy's uncle didn't want to ruin the berries with white sugar from a bag. It was better to use a naturally sweet juice, like apple juice, pear juice, or grape juice. They used grape juice as a sweetener, because grapes had a similar color to the blueberries. Finally, they could drink it. It was a lot

| 1) Billy does <u>not</u> like blueberries.   | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2) Billy and his uncle used a potato masher to crush the blueberries.  | Т | F |
| 3) <u>It</u> looked like pie filling to Billy. 'It' refers to blueberries.   | Т | F |
| <ol> <li>The strainer caught most of the seeds and skins, leaving them with a<br/>small pot of dark purple juice.</li> </ol> | Т | F |
| 5) Billy and his uncle added orange juice to the blueberry juice.  | Т | F |
| 6) The blueberry juice was very refreshing.  | Т | F |
| 7) It was an easy work to make juice.  | Т | F |

#### **<u>2- Making Juice</u>** Story By: Andrew Frinkle

Billy always loved blueberries. They were his favorite fruit. Today he was going to make juice with his uncle. His uncle liked to make juice out of everything. He made carrot juice, apple juice, mango juice, vegetable juice, and many more juices. He'd never made blueberry juice before though! First, Billy and his uncle went to a blueberry farm. They were each given buckets. They picked for an hour and got several pounds. It was hard work picking the little berries from the trees. Now Billy understood why they were expensive in the store. These blueberries tasted better than the store, though, because they grew ripe on the tree.

Next, they had to sort and wash the fruit. Some of them still had stems or leaves. Those had to be pulled off. Then the shriveled-up berries had to be thrown away. They washed the remaining berries and put them in a strainer to drip dry.

## From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\bigcirc$ if the statement is True or $\bigcirc$ if the statement is False, for every question.

| 1) Billy always loved blueberries.  | Т | F |
|---|---|---|
| 2) Billy is making orange juice.  | Т | F |
| <b>3</b> ) Billy and his uncle got blue berries from a farm.                                      | Т | F |
| 4) Billy's uncle did <u>not</u> like to make juice.   | Т | F |
| 5) <u>They</u> were each given buckets. 'They' refer to blueberries.                              | Т | F |
| 6) Picking the blueberries was so easy.   | Т | F |
| <ol> <li>They washed the remaining berries and put them in a strainer to drip<br/>dry.</li> </ol> | Т | F |

#### **<u>3- EGYPTIAN MUMMIES</u>**

The method of embalming, or treating the dead body, that the ancient Egyptians used is called mummification. Using special processes, the Egyptians removed all moisture from the body, leaving only a dried form tha would not easily decay. It was important in their religion to preserve the deac body in as life like a manner as possible.

The mummification process took seventy days. Special priests worked as embalmers, treating and wrapping the body. Beyond knowing the correct rituals and prayers to be performed at various stages, the priests also needed a detailed knowledge of human anatomy.

The first step in the process was the removal of all internal parts that might decay rapidly. The brain was removed by carefully inserting special hooked instruments up through the nostrils in order to pull out bits of brain tissue. It was a delicate operation, one which could easily disfigure the face. The embalmers then removed the organs of the abdomen and chest. . . . They left only the heart in place, believing it to be the center of a person's being and intelligence. The other organs were preserved separately, with the stomach, liver, lungs, and intestines placed in special boxes or jars today called canopic jars. These were buried with the mummy. In later mummies, the organs were treated, wrapped, and replaced within the body. Even so, unused canopic jars continued to be part of the burial ritual.

## From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\bigcirc$ if the statement is True or $\bigcirc$ if the statement is False, for every question.

| 1) The first step in the process was the removal of all internal parts that might decay rapidly.                               | Т | F |
|--|---|---|
| 2) It was important in their religion to preserve the dead body in a lifelike manner.  | Т | F |
| <ol> <li>They left only the lungs in place, believing it to be the center of a<br/>person's being and intelligence.</li> </ol> | Τ | F |
| 4) The brain was removed by carefully inserting special hooked instruments.  | Т | F |

The embalmers next removed all moisture from the body. This they did by covering the body with natron, a type of salt which has great drying properties, and by placing additional natron packets inside the body. When the body had dried out completely, embalmers removed the internal packets and lightly washed the natron off the body. The result was a very dried-out but recognizable human form. To make the mummy seem even more life-like, sunken areas of the body were filled out with linen and other materials and false eyes were added.

Next the wrapping began. Each mummy needed hundreds of yards of linen. The priests carefully wound the long strips of linen around the body, sometimes even wrapping each finger and toe separately before wrapping the entire hand or foot. In order to protect the dead from mishap, amulets were placed among the wrappings and prayers and magical words written on some of the linen strips. Often the priests placed a mask of the person's face between the layers of head bandages. At several stages the form was coated with warm resin and the wrapping resumed once again. At last the priests wrapped the final cloth or shroud in place and secured it with linen strips. The mummy was complete.

## From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\widehat{T}$ if the statement is True or $\widehat{F}$ if the statement is False, for every question.

| 1. Natron was used to dry the body.   | Т | F |
|---|---|---|
| 2. Amulets were placed among the wrapping to protect the dead body from mishap. | Т | F |
| <b>3.</b> The result was a very dried-out but linen human form.                 | Т | F |
| 4. The wrapping next removed all moisture from the body.                        | Т | F |

#### **Question 4: (Composition)**

#### 1. Write a paragraph to explain how you can get your homework done on time.

Use the sequence words: first, second, third, then, finally

#### HELP BOX

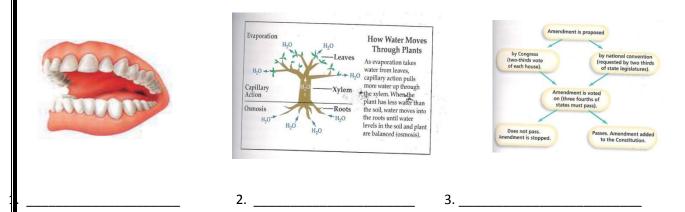
Succeed - due date - forget - assignment - notebook -regular - avoid -late - watching T.V. - on time - lose points.

#### **CREATING GRAPHICS**

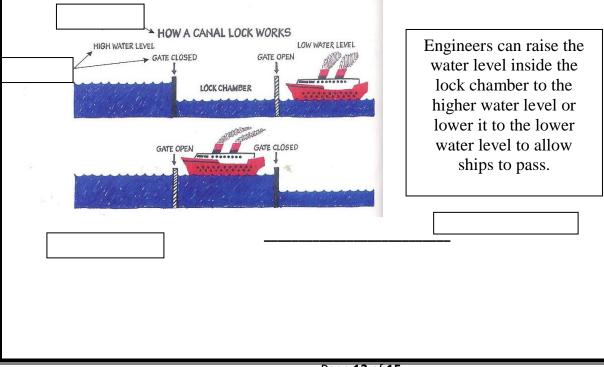
Identify which graphic might help readers understand a process better and which might confuse readers.

#### Getting rid of large particles Ferric Ulfate Dirty Water Dirty Water Particles fall to bottom of tank Filtration Filtration Chlorination and Fluoridation

#### Label the types of graphics shown below :



#### Identify the title, label & caption for the picture below:



Page **13** of **15** 

:

| Cause-and-Effect Relationships   |
|--|
| A <b>cause</b> is an action or event that makes something else happen.<br>An <b>effect</b> is the result of a cause. Cause-and effect articles explain<br>_ why or how one thing leads to another.<br>_ what happens as a result of a certain action or event. |
| Causes Only: This type of explanation focuses on two or more causes of one effect.   |
| Cause Effect Ex:   |
|  |
|  |
| Effects Only: This type of explanation focuses on two or more effects of one cause.  |
| Cause  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| <u>Cause-and-Effect Chain</u> : In this explanation, one cause leads to an effect, which causes another effect, and so on.   |
| Cause Effect/ Cause Effect   |
|  |
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|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Page <b>14</b> of <b>15</b>  |

Write a Cause and Effect paragraph on the harmful effects of eating junk food, using the help box:

**HELP BOX:** junk food, unhealthy lifestyle, suffering, obesity, hazards, cholesterol, diabetes, serious problem, strokes, renal failure, appealing, health

